



Integrated
Circuit
Systems, Inc.

PRELIMINARY

ICS85211

LOW SKEW, 1-TO-2

DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVHSTL FANOUT BUFFER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

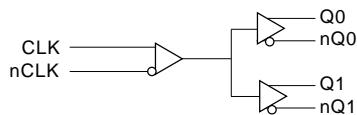


The ICS85211 is a low skew, high performance 1-to-2 Differential-to-LVHSTL Fanout Buffer and a member of the HiPerClockS™ family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The CLK, nCLK pair can accept most standard differential input levels. The ICS85211 is characterized to operate from a 3.3V power supply. Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS85211 ideal for those clock distribution applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability. For optimal performance, terminate all outputs.

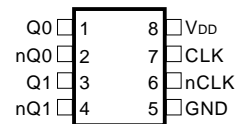
FEATURES

- 2 differential LVHSTL compatible outputs
- 1 differential CLK, nCLK input pair
- CLK, nCLK pair can accept the following differential input levels: LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL
- Maximum output frequency: 600MHz
- Translates any single-ended input signal to LVHSTL levels with resistor bias on nCLK input
- Output skew: TBD
- Part-to-part skew: TBD
- Propagation delay: 900ps (typical)
- $V_{OH} = 1.2V$ (maximum)
- 3.3V operating supply
- 0°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Industrial temperature information available upon request

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS85211

8-Lead SOIC

3.90mm x 4.90mm x 1.37mm package body

M Package

Top View

The Preliminary Information presented herein represents a product in prototyping or pre-production. The noted characteristics are based on initial product characterization. Integrated Circuit Systems, Incorporated (ICS) reserves the right to change any circuitry or specifications without notice.



TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1, 2	Q0, nQ0	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.
3, 4	Q1, nQ1	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.
5	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
6	nCLK	Input	$V_{DD}/2$	Inverting differential clock input. $V_{DD}/2$ default when left floating.
7	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
8	V_{DD}	Power		Positive supply pin.

NOTE: *Pulldown* refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance				4	pF
R_{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		K Ω
$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		K Ω

TABLE 3. CLOCK INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs		Outputs		Input to Output Mode	Polarity
CLK	nCLK	Q0, Q1	nQ0, nQ1		
0	0	LOW	HIGH	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting
1	1	HIGH	LOW	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting
0	Biased; NOTE 1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting
1	Biased; NOTE 1	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting
Biased; NOTE 1	0	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting
Biased; NOTE 1	1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Application Information section, "Wiring the Differential Input to Accept Single Ended Levels".



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V_{DD}	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, V_{DD}	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	112.7°C/W (0 lfp/m)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				TBD	mA

TABLE 4B. DIFFERENTIAL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
I_{IH}	Input High Current	nCLK	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$		150	μA
		CLK	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$		150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	nCLK	$V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-150		μA
		CLK	$V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5		μA
V_{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input Voltage		0.15		1.3	V
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Input Voltage; NOTE 1, 2		0.5		$V_{DD} - 0.85$	V

NOTE 1: For single ended applications the maximum input voltage for CLK and nCLK is $V_{DD} + 0.3V$.

NOTE 2: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{IH} .

TABLE 4C. LVHSTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		1.0		1.2	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		0		0.4	V
V_{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.4	0.8	1.0	V

NOTE 1: All outputs must be terminated with 50Ω to ground.

TABLE 5. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				600	MHz
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1	$f \leq 600MHz$		900		ps
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 4				TBD	ps
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4				TBD	ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	200		600	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%

All parameters measured at 500MHz unless noted otherwise.

The cycle-to-cycle jitter on the input will equal the jitter on the output. The part does not add jitter.

NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

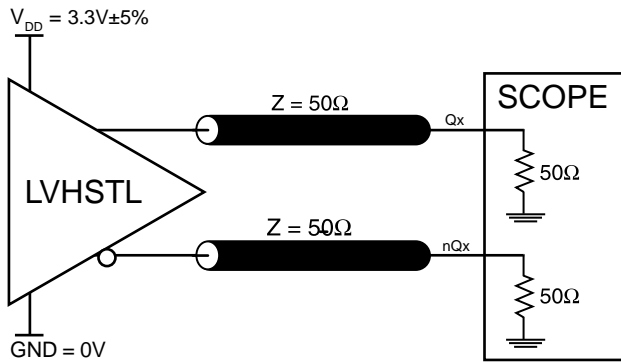
Measured at output differential cross points.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

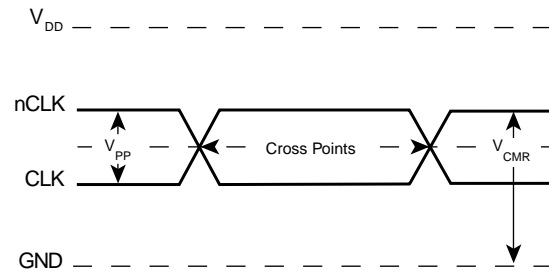
NOTE 4: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



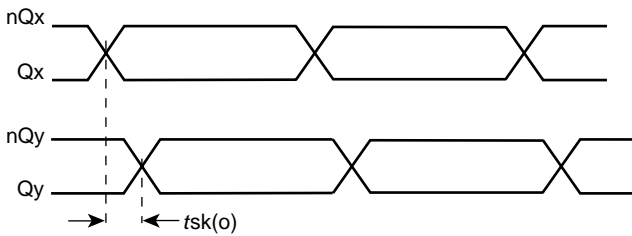
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



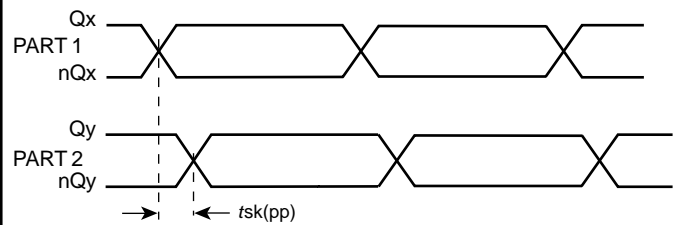
3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



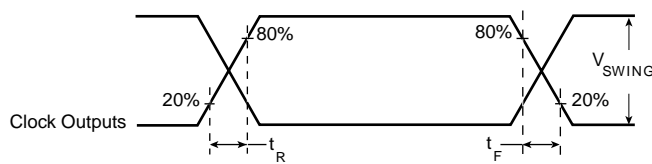
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT LEVEL



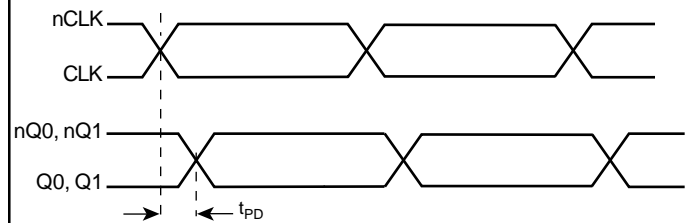
OUTPUT SKEW



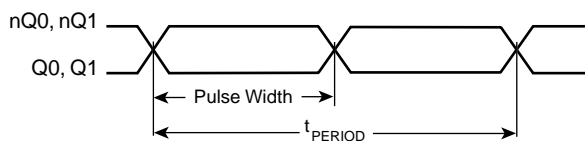
PART-TO-PART SKEW



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



PROPAGATION DELAY



$$odc = \frac{t_{PW}}{t_{PERIOD}}$$

odc & t_{PERIOD}



APPLICATION INFORMATION

WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 1 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage $V_{REF} = V_{DD}/2$ is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin.

of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V_{REF} in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, V_{REF} should be 1.25V and $R2/R1 = 0.609$.

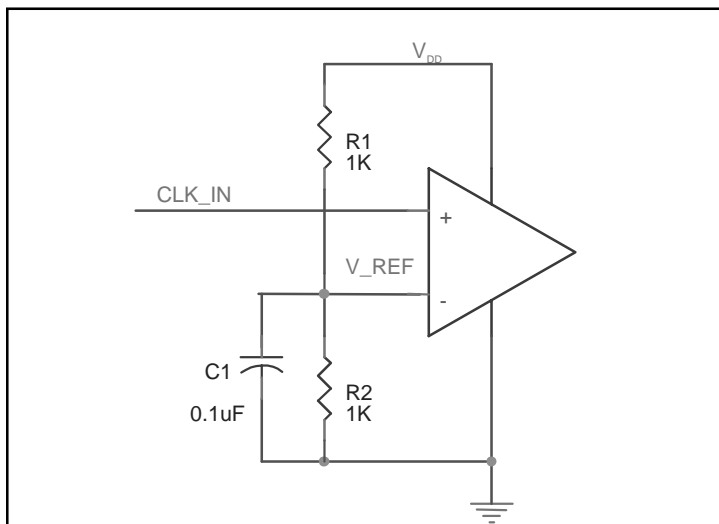


FIGURE 1. SINGLE ENDED SIGNAL DRIVING DIFFERENTIAL INPUT

SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

Figure 2 shows a schematic example of ICS85211. In this example, the input is driven by an ICS HiPerClockS LVHSTL driver. The decoupling capacitors should be physically located

near the power pin. For ICS85211, the unused outputs need to be terminated.

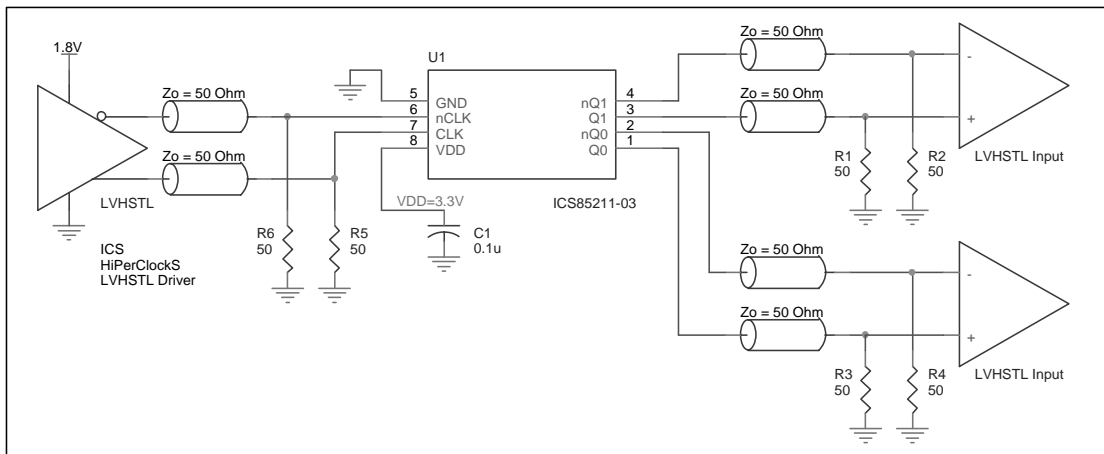


FIGURE 2. ICS85211 LVHSTL BUFFER SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE



CLOCK INPUT INTERFACE

The CLK/nCLK accepts differential input signals of both V_{SWING} and V_{OH} meet the V_{PP} and V_{CMR} input requirements. *Figures 3 to 6* show interface examples for the ICS85211 clock input driven by most common driver types. The input interfaces suggest here are examples only. Please consult with the vendor of the driver

component to confirm the driver termination requirement. For example in *Figure 3*, the input termination applies for ICS HiPerClockS LVHSTL drivers. If you are using an LVHSTL driver from another vendor, use their termination recommendation.

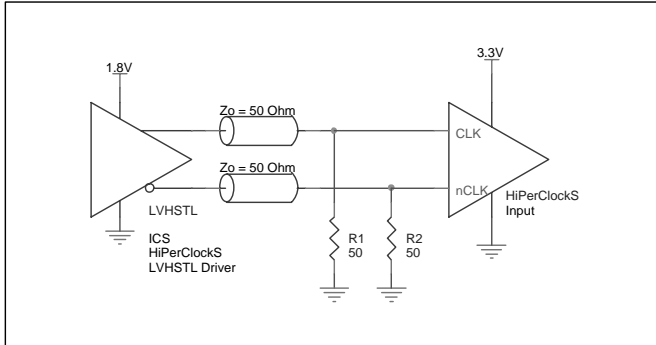


FIGURE 3. ICS85211 CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY HiPerClockS LVHSTL DRIVER

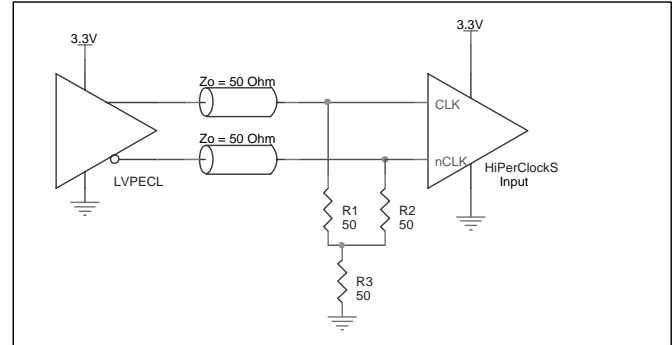


FIGURE 4. ICS85211 CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

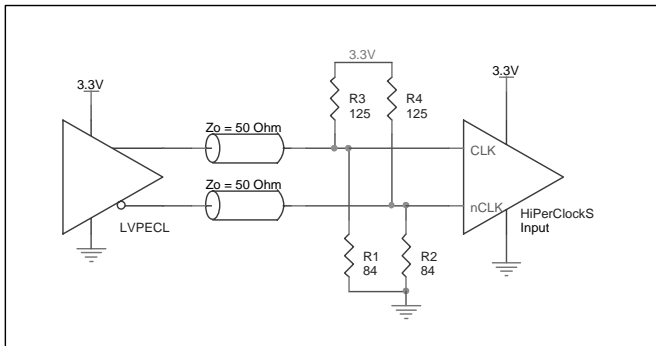


FIGURE 5. ICS85211 CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

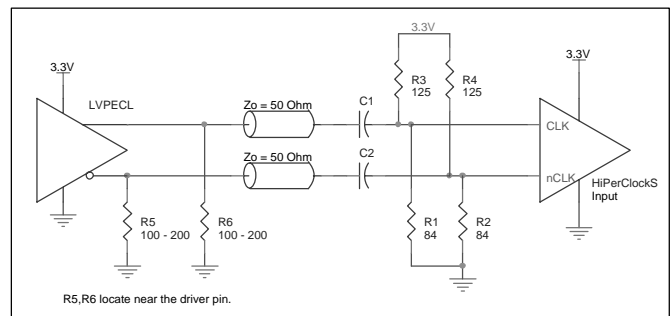


FIGURE 6. ICS85211 CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER WITH AC COUPLE



POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS85211. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS85211 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{DD_MAX} * I_{DD_MAX} = 3.465V * TBDmA = TBDmW$
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = **78.88mW/Loaded Output pair**
If all outputs are loaded, the total power is $2 * 78.88mW = 157.8mW$

$$\text{Total Power}_{MAX} (3.465V, \text{ with all outputs switching}) = TBDmW + 157.8mW = TBDmW$$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 103.3°C/W per Table 6 below. Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

$$85^\circ C + 0.TBDW * 103.3^\circ C/W = TBD^\circ C. \text{ This is well below the limit of } 125^\circ C$$

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 6. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 8-PIN SOIC, FORCED CONVECTION

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	153.3°C/W	128.5°C/W	115.5°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	112.7°C/W	103.3°C/W	97.1°C/W

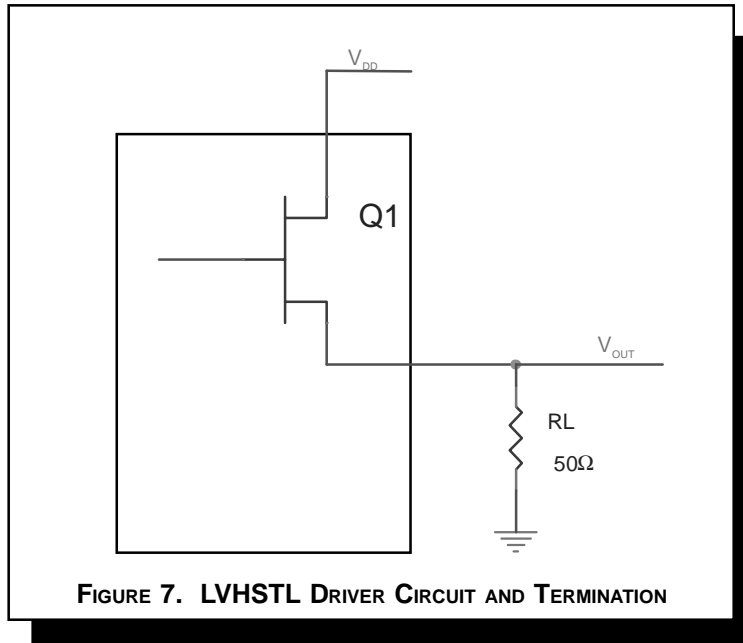
NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.



3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVHSTL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 7*.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load.

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_H = (V_{OH_MAX} / R_L) * (V_{DD_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX})$$

$$Pd_L = (V_{OL_MAX} / R_L) * (V_{DD_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX})$$

$$Pd_H = (1.2V / 50\Omega) * (3.465V - 1.2V) = 54.36mW$$

$$Pd_L = (0.4V / 50\Omega) * (3.465V - 0.4V) = 24.52mW$$

$$\text{Total Power Dissipation per output pair} = Pd_H + Pd_L = \mathbf{78.88mW}$$



RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 7. θ_{JA} VS. AIR FLOW TABLE

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	153.3°C/W	128.5°C/W	115.5°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	112.7°C/W	103.3°C/W	97.1°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS85211 is: 411



PACKAGE OUTLINE - M SUFFIX

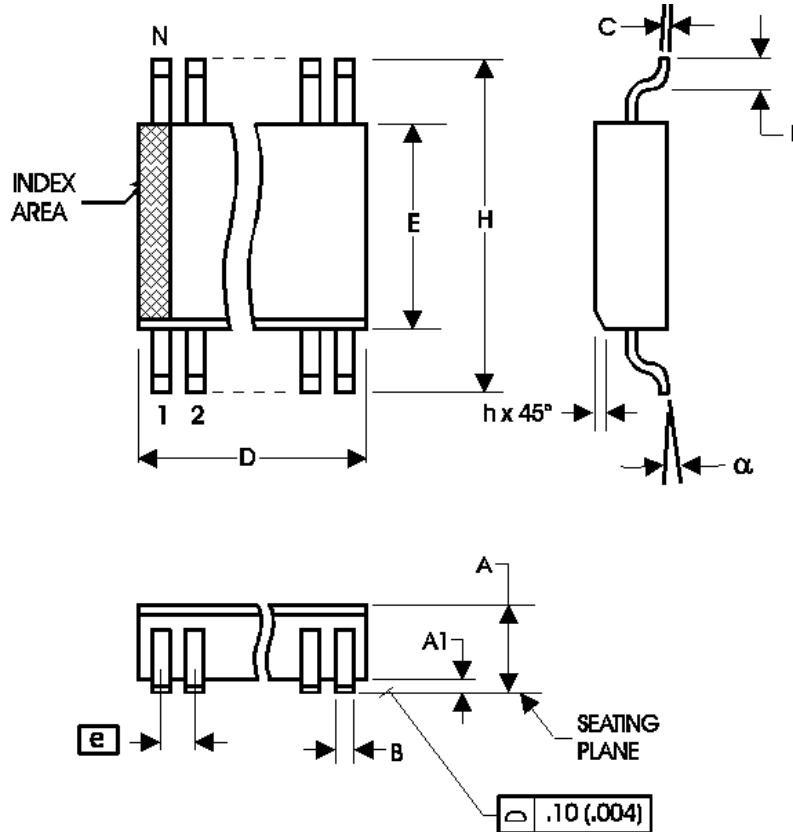


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
N	8	
A	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.33	0.51
C	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
E	3.80	4.00
e	1.27 BASIC	
H	5.80	6.20
h	0.25	0.50
L	0.40	1.27
α	0°	8°

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-012



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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVHSTL FANOUT BUFFER

TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Count	Temperature
ICS85211AM	85211AM	8 lead SOIC	96 per tube	0°C to 85°C
ICS85211AMT	85211AM	8 lead SOIC on Tape and Reel	2500	0°C to 85°C

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