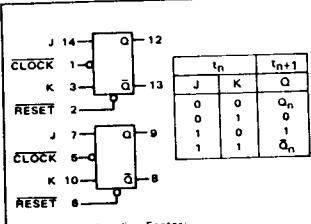


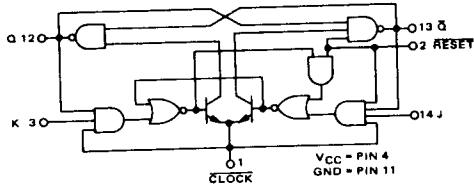
DUAL J-K FLIP-FLOP

MTTL MC7400P series
MTTL MC5400L/7400L seriesMC5473L*
MC7473P,L*

Input Loading Factor:
J, K = 1
RESET, CLOCK = 2
Output Loading Factor = 10

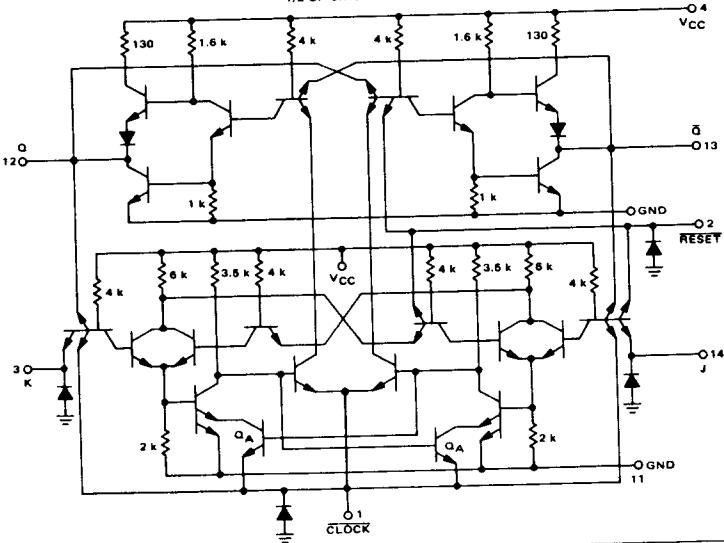
Total Power Dissipation = 80 mW typ/pkg
Propagation Delay Time = 30 ns typ
Operating Frequency = 15 MHz typ

This negative-edge-clocked dual J-K flip-flop operates on the master-slave principle. The device is quite useful for simple registers and counters where multiple J and K inputs are not required.

LOGIC DIAGRAM
(1/2 OF DEVICE SHOWN)

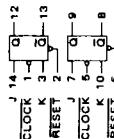
*L suffix = TO-116 ceramic package (Case 632)
P suffix = TO-116 plastic package (Case 605)
See General Information section for package outline dimensions.

1/2 OF CIRCUIT SHOWN



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Test procedures are shown for only one flip-flop. The other flip-flop is tested in the same manner.



MC5473L, MC7473P, L (continued)

TEST CURRENT/VOLTAGE VALUES (All Temperatures)																					
Characteristic	Symbol	Pin	MC5473 Test Limits			MC7473 Test Limits			TEST CURRENT/VOLTAGE APPLIED TO PINS LISTED BELOW:												
			Min	Max	Unit	Min	Max	Unit	I _{Q1}	I _{Q2}	V _{H1}	V _{H2}	V _{M1}	V _{M2}	V _{cc}	V _{cc1}	V _{cc2}	**	Ground		
Input Forward Current	J	I _F	14	-	-1.6	mAdc	-	-1.6	mAdc	-	14	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	4	12	11*	
	K		3	-	-1.6	mAdc	-	-1.6	mAdc	-	3	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	13	11*	11*	
	Reset Clock		2	-	-3.2	mAdc	-	-3.2	mAdc	-	2	-	1.14	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
	J	I _{R1}	14	-	40	μAdc	-	40	μAdc	-	-	-	14	-	2	-	-	4	1	1.2,11*	
	K		3	-	40	μAdc	-	40	μAdc	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	2	1,11,14*	1,11,14*	
	Reset Clock		1	-	80	mAdc	-	80	mAdc	-	80	-	1	-	1	-	-	13	2,3,11,14*	2,3,11,14*	
	J	I _{R2}	14	-	1.0	mAdc	-	1.0	mAdc	-	-	-	14	-	2	-	-	4	1	1.2,11*	
	K		3	-	1.0	mAdc	-	1.0	mAdc	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	2	1,11*	1,11*	
	Reset Clock		2	-	1	mAdc	-	1	mAdc	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	13	1,11,14*	2,3,11,14*	
Output Voltage	V _{OL}		12	-	0.4	Vdc	-	0.4	Vdc	12	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	13
			13	-	0.4	Vdc	-	0.4	Vdc	13	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	13
	V _{OH}		12	2.4	-	Vdc	2.4	-	Vdc	12	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	13
			13	2.4	-	Vdc	2.4	-	Vdc	13	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	13
Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}		121	-20	-57	mAdc	-18	-57	mAdc	-	-	-	13.14	-	-	-	-	4	-	11,12,13*	
			13	-20	-57	mAdc	-18	-57	mAdc	-	-	-	13.14	-	-	-	-	4	-	2,11,13*	
Power Requirements (Total Device)	I _{PD}		4	-	32	mAdc	-	32	mAdc	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	8.13	2,6,11	
Power Supply Drain			4	-	32	mAdc	-	32	mAdc	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	8.13	11	

* Ground inputs to flip-flop not under test.

** Monotarily ground pin prior to taking measurement to set flip-flop in the desired state. (If pin is also in another column, the pin must be returned to that voltage or current for measurement.)

† Test duration ≤ 100 ns.

Under normal operating conditions this current is negative. This test guarantees that positive leakage current will not exceed the limit shown.

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MC5473L, MC7473P, L (continued)

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

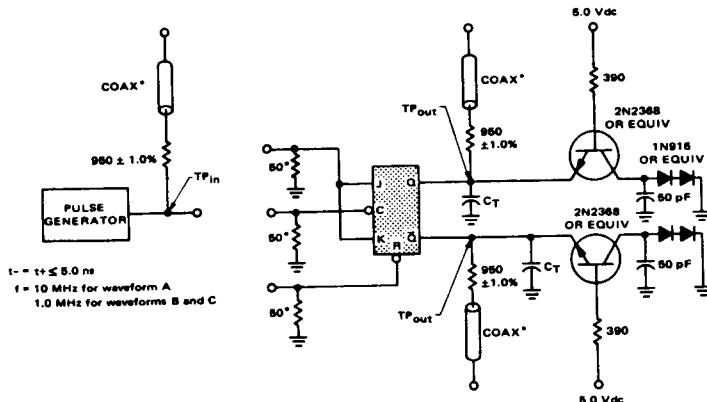
Data must be applied to the J-K inputs while the clock is low. When the clock input goes to the positive logic "1" state, the data at the J and K inputs is transferred to the master section, where it is stored until the clock changes to the positive logic "0" state. Data at the J and K inputs must not be changed while the clock is high. When the clock returns to the positive logic "0" state, information in the master section is transferred to the slave section.

Application of a logic "0" to the RESET input will force the \bar{Q} output to the logic "1" state. The RESET input overrides the clock.

Since no charge storage is involved in this flip-flop, rise and fall times are not important to its operation. Clock fall times as long as $1.0 \mu s$ will not adversely affect the operation of the flip-flop. The clock pulse need only be wide enough to allow the data to settle in the master section. This time, which is the setup time for a logic "1", is 20 ns minimum.

Transistors O_A have been added to the standard flip-flop circuit to protect the device against negative clock transients. This addition prevents both outputs from changing to the logic "1" state when transients in excess of -2.0 V appear at the clock.

SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



Two pulse generators are required and must be slewed together for t_{pd} tests.

* The coax delays from input to scope and output to scope must be matched. The scope must be terminated in 50-ohm impedance. The 950-ohm resistor and the scope termination impedance constitute a 20:1 attenuator probe. Coax shall be CT-070-50 or equivalent.

$C_T = 16 \text{ pF}$ = total parasitic capacitance, which includes probe, wiring, and load capacitances.

MC5473L, MC7473P, L (continued)

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

TEST PROCEDURES

(Letters shown in test columns refer to waveforms.)

TEST	SYMBOL	INPUT			Q	\bar{Q}	LIMITS		
		C	J, K	R			Min	Max	Unit
Toggle Frequency	t_{Tog}	A	A	2.4 V	T	T	10	—	MHz
Turn-On Delay	t_{pd-}	B	B	2.4 V	D	D	10	50	ns
Turn-Off Delay	t_{pd+}	B	B	2.4 V	E	E	10	50	ns
Turn-On Delay	t_{sd-}	B	B	C	F	F	—	50	ns
Turn-Off Delay	t_{sd+}	B	B	C	G	G	—	50	ns
Enable Voltage	V_{EN}	B	2.0 V	2.4 V	T	T	T	—	—
Inhibit Voltage	V_{INH}	B	0.8 V	2.4 V	‡	‡	‡	—	—

† Output shall toggle with each input pulse.

‡ Output shall NOT toggle.

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS AND DEFINITIONS

