



# 3.3V CMOS 16-BIT LATCHED TRANSCEIVER

## IDT74FCT163543A/C

### FEATURES:

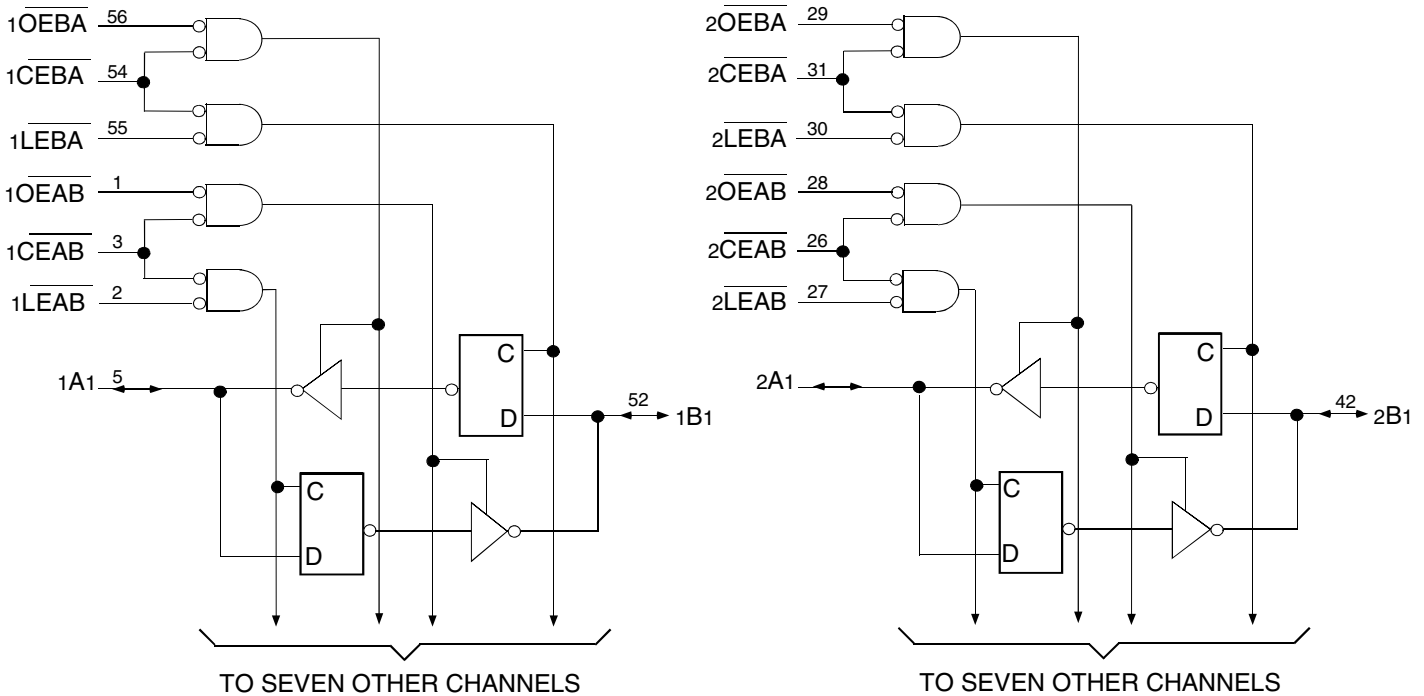
- 0.5 MICRON CMOS Technology
- Typical  $t_{SK(O)}$  (Output Skew) < 250ps
- ESD > 2000V per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; > 200V using machine model (C = 200pF, R = 0)
- $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ , Normal Range, or  $V_{CC} = 2.7V$  to  $3.6V$ , Extended Range
- CMOS power levels (0.4 $\mu$  W typ. static)
- Rail-to-rail output swing for increased noise margin
- Low Ground Bounce (0.3V typ.)
- Inputs (except I/O) can be driven by 3.3V or 5V components
- Available in SSOP and TSSOP packages

### DESCRIPTION:

The FCT163543 16-bit latched transceivers are built using advanced dual metal CMOS technology. These high-speed, low-power devices are organized as two independent 8-bit D-type latched transceivers with separate input and output control to permit independent control of data flow in either direction. For example, the A-to-B Enable ( $\overline{xCEAB}$ ) must be low in order to enter data from the A port or to output data from the B port.  $\overline{xLEAB}$  controls the latch function. When  $\overline{xLEAB}$  is low, the latches are transparent. A subsequent low-to-high transition of  $\overline{xLEAB}$  signal puts the A latches in the storage mode.  $\overline{xOEAB}$  performs output enable function on the B port. Data flow from the B port to the A port is similar but requires using  $\overline{xCEBA}$ ,  $\overline{xLEBA}$ , and  $\overline{xOEBA}$  inputs. Flow-through organization of signal pins simplifies layout. All inputs are designed with hysteresis for improved noise margin.

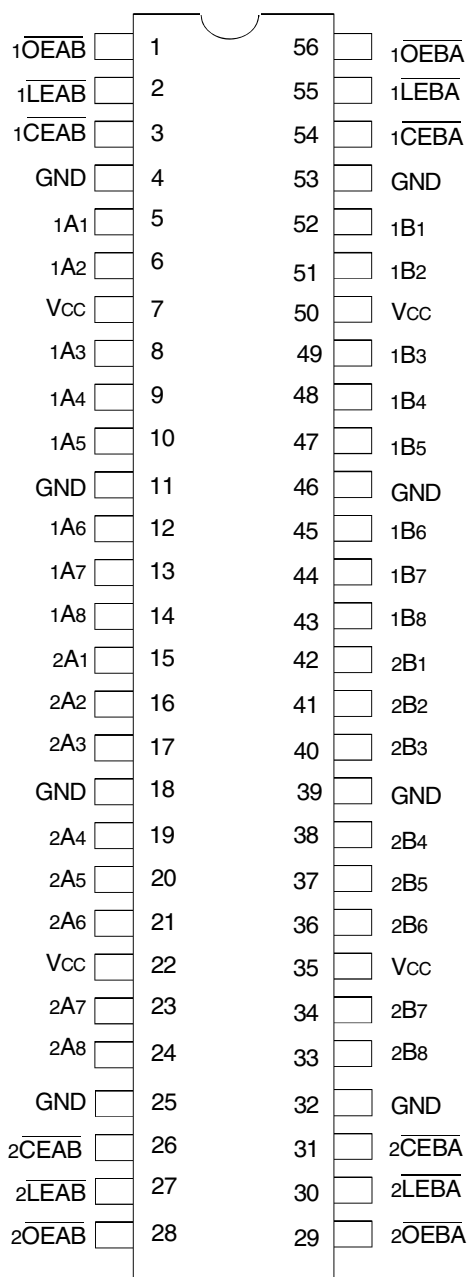
The FCT163543 have series current limiting resistors. These offer low ground bounce, minimal undershoot, and controlled output fall times—reducing the need for external series terminating resistors.

### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## PIN CONFIGURATION



SSOP/ TSSOP  
TOP VIEW

## PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Names	Description
$\overline{xOEAB}$	A-to-B Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{xOEBA}$	B-to-A Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{xCEAB}$	A-to-B Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{xCEBA}$	B-to-A Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{xLEAB}$	A-to-B Latch Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{xLEBA}$	B-to-A Latch Enable Input (Active LOW)
xAx	A-to-B Data Inputs or B-to-A 3-State Outputs
xBx	B-to-A Data Inputs or A-to-B 3-State Outputs

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Max	Unit
$V_{TERM}^{(2)}$	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
$V_{TERM}^{(3)}$	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to 7	V
$V_{TERM}^{(4)}$	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to $V_{CC}+0.5$	V
TSTG	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
IOUT	DC Output Current	-60 to +60	mA

### NOTES:

- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- Vcc terminals.
- Input terminals.
- Outputs and I/O terminals.

## CAPACITANCE ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , $F = 1.0\text{MHz}$ )

Symbol	Parameter <sup>(1)</sup>	Conditions	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$	3.5	6	pF
COUT	Output Capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	3.5	8	pF

### NOTE:

- This parameter is measured at characterization but not tested.

## FUNCTION TABLE<sup>(1, 3)</sup>

FOR A-TO-B (SYMMETRIC WITH B-TO-A)

Inputs			Latch Status	Output Buffers
$\overline{xCEAB}$	$\overline{xLEAB}$	$\overline{xOEAB}$	$\overline{xAx}$ to $\overline{xBx}$	$\overline{xBx}$
H	X	X	Storing	Z
X	H	X	Storing	X
L	L	L	Transparent	Current A Inputs
L	H	L	Storing	Previous <sup>(2)</sup> A Inputs
L	L	H	Transparent	Z
L	H	H	Storing	Z

### NOTES:

- A-to-B data flow shown; B-to-A flow control is the same, except using  $\overline{xCEBA}$ ,  $\overline{xLEBA}$  and  $\overline{xOEBA}$ .
- Before  $\overline{xLEAB}$  LOW-to-HIGH Transition
- H = HIGH Voltage Level  
L = LOW Voltage Level  
X = Don't Care  
Z = High-Impedance

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Following Conditions Apply Unless Otherwise Specified:

Industrial:  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $3.6\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Unit	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Level (Input pins)	Guaranteed Logic HIGH Level	2	—	5.5	V	
	Input HIGH Level (I/O pins)		2	—	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Level (Input and I/O pins)	Guaranteed Logic LOW Level	-0.5	—	0.8	V	
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current (Input pins)	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max.	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V	—	—	±1	
	Input HIGH Current (I/O pins)						V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current (Input pins)		V <sub>I</sub> = GND	—	—	±1	
	Input LOW Current (I/O pins)						V <sub>I</sub> = GND
I <sub>OZH</sub>	High Impedance Output Current (3-State Output pins)	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max.	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	—	—	±1	
I <sub>OZL</sub>			V <sub>O</sub> = GND	—	—	±1	
V <sub>IK</sub>	Clamp Diode Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>IN</sub> = -18mA	—	-0.7	-1.2	V	
I <sub>ODH</sub>	Output HIGH Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> = 1.5V <sup>(3)</sup>	-36	-60	-110	mA	
I <sub>ODL</sub>	Output LOW Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> = 1.5V <sup>(3)</sup>	50	90	200	mA	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min.	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2	—	—	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>					I <sub>OH</sub> = -3mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA	2.4 <sup>(5)</sup>	3	—	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min.	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1mA	—	—	0.2
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 16mA	—	0.2	0.4
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA	—	0.3	0.55
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA	—	0.3	0.5	
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short Circuit Current <sup>(4)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>O</sub> = GND <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	—	—	mA
V <sub>H</sub>	Input Hysteresis	—	—	150	—	mV	
I <sub>CC1</sub> I <sub>CC2</sub> I <sub>CC3</sub>	Quiescent Power Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max. V <sub>IN</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	—	0.1	10	μA	

### NOTES:

1. For conditions shown as Min. or Max., use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
2. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, +25°C ambient.
3. Not more than one output should be shorted at one time. Duration of the test should not exceed one second.
4. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested.
5. V<sub>OH</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub>-0.6V at rated current.

## POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>		Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Unit
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Quiescent Power Supply Current TTL Inputs HIGH	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$ $V_{IN} = V_{CC} - 0.6V^{(3)}$		—	2	30	$\mu A$
$I_{CCD}$	Dynamic Power Supply Current <sup>(4)</sup>	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$ , Outputs Open $\overline{xCEAB}$ and $\overline{xOEAB} = \text{GND}$ $\overline{xCEBA} = V_{CC}$ One Input Toggling 50% Duty Cycle	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	—	60	100	$\mu A / \text{MHz}$
$I_C$	Total Power Supply Current <sup>(6)</sup>	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$ , Outputs Open $f_i = 10\text{MHz}$ 50% Duty Cycle $\overline{xLEAB}$ , $\overline{xCEAB}$ and $\overline{xOEAB} = \text{GND}$ $\overline{xCEBA} = V_{CC}$ One Bit Toggling	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	—	0.6	1	mA
			$V_{IN} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$ $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	—	0.6	1	
		$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$ , Outputs Open $f_i = 2.5\text{MHz}$ 50% Duty Cycle $\overline{xLEAB}$ , $\overline{xCEAB}$ and $\overline{xOEAB} = \text{GND}$ $\overline{xCEBA} = V_{CC}$ Sixteen Bits Toggling	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	—	2.4	$4^{(5)}$	
			$V_{IN} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$ $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	—	2.4	$4.3^{(5)}$	

### NOTES:

- For conditions shown as max. or min., use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $+25^\circ\text{C}$  ambient.
- Per TTL driven input; all other inputs at  $V_{CC}$  or  $\text{GND}$ .
- This parameter is not directly testable, but is derived for use in Total Power Supply Calculations.
- Values for these conditions are examples of the  $I_{CC}$  formula. These limits are guaranteed but not tested.
- $I_C = I_{QUIESCENT} + I_{INPUTS} + I_{DYNAMIC}$   
 $I_C = I_{CC} + \Delta I_{CC} D_H N_T + I_{CCD} (f_{CP} N_{CP} / 2 + f_i N_i)$   
 $I_{CC} = \text{Quiescent Current (} I_{CCL}, I_{CCH} \text{ and } I_{CCZ})$   
 $\Delta I_{CC} = \text{Power Supply Current for a TTL High Input}$   
 $D_H = \text{Duty Cycle for TTL Inputs High}$   
 $N_T = \text{Number of TTL Inputs at } D_H$   
 $I_{CCD} = \text{Dynamic Current Caused by an Input Transition Pair (HLH or LHL)}$   
 $f_{CP} = \text{Clock Frequency for Register Devices (Zero for Non-Register Devices)}$   
 $N_{CP} = \text{Number of Clock Inputs at } f_{CP}$   
 $f_i = \text{Input Frequency}$   
 $N_i = \text{Number of Inputs at } f_i$

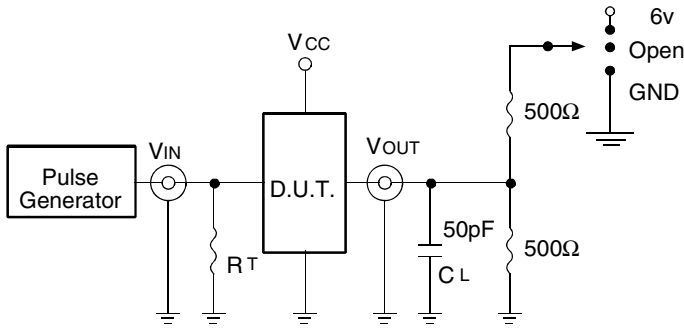
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Condition <sup>(2)</sup>	FCT163543A		FCT163543C		Unit
			Min. <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	Min. <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Transparent Mode xAx to xBx or xBx to xAx	CL = 50pF RL = 500Ω	1.5	6.5	1.5	5.3	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay xLEBA to xAx, xLEAB to xBx		1.5	8	1.5	7	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time xOEBA or xOEAB xAx or xBx xCEBA or xCEAB xAx or xBx		1.5	9	1.5	8	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time xOEBA or xOEAB xAx or xBx xCEBA or xCEAB xAx or xBx		1.5	7.5	1.5	6.5	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Set-up Time HIGH or LOW xAx or xBx to xLEAB or xLEBA		2	—	2	—	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Hold Time HIGH or LOW xAx or xBx to xLEAB or xLEBA		2	—	2	—	ns
t <sub>w</sub>	xLEBA or xLEAB Pulse Width LOW		5	—	5	—	ns
t <sub>sk(0)</sub>	Output Skew <sup>(4)</sup>		—	0.5	—	0.5	ns

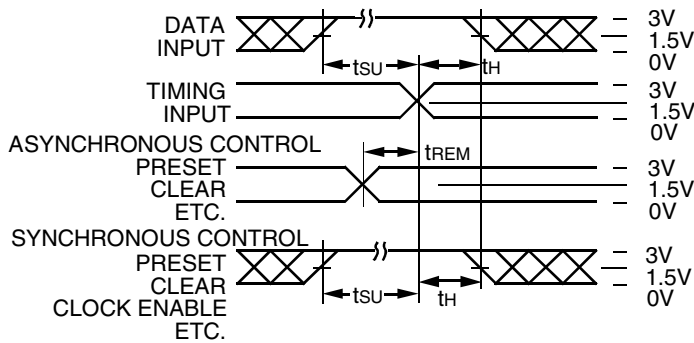
NOTES:

1. Propagation Delays and Enable/Disable times are with V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ±0.3V, Normal Range. For V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V, Extended Range, all Propagation Delays and Enable/Disable times should be degraded by 20%.
2. See test circuit and waveforms.
3. Minimum limits are guaranteed but not tested on Propagation Delays.
4. Skew between any two outputs, of the same package, switching in the same direction. This parameter is guaranteed by design.

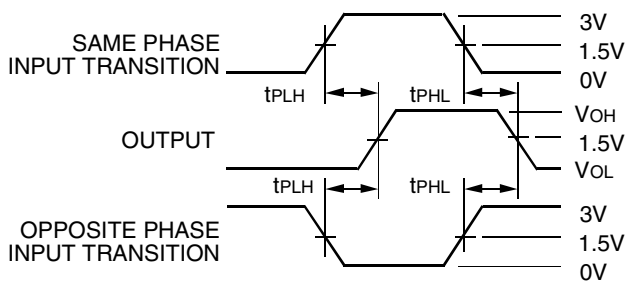
TEST CIRCUITS AND WAVEFORMS



Test Circuits for All Outputs



Set-up, Hold, and Release Times



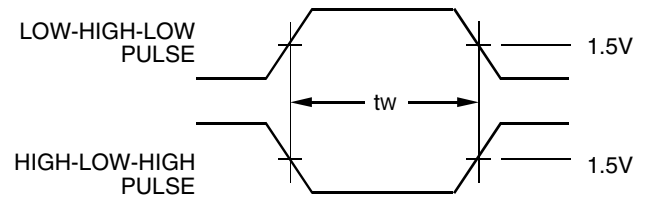
Propagation Delay

SWITCH POSITION

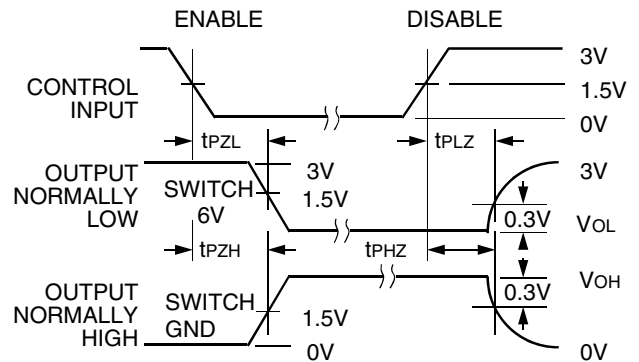
Test	Switch
Open Drain Disable Low Enable Low	6V
Disable High Enable High	GND
All Other Tests	Open

DEFINITIONS:

CL = Load capacitance: includes jig and probe capacitance.  
RT = Termination resistance: should be equal to ZOUT of the Pulse Generator.



Pulse Width

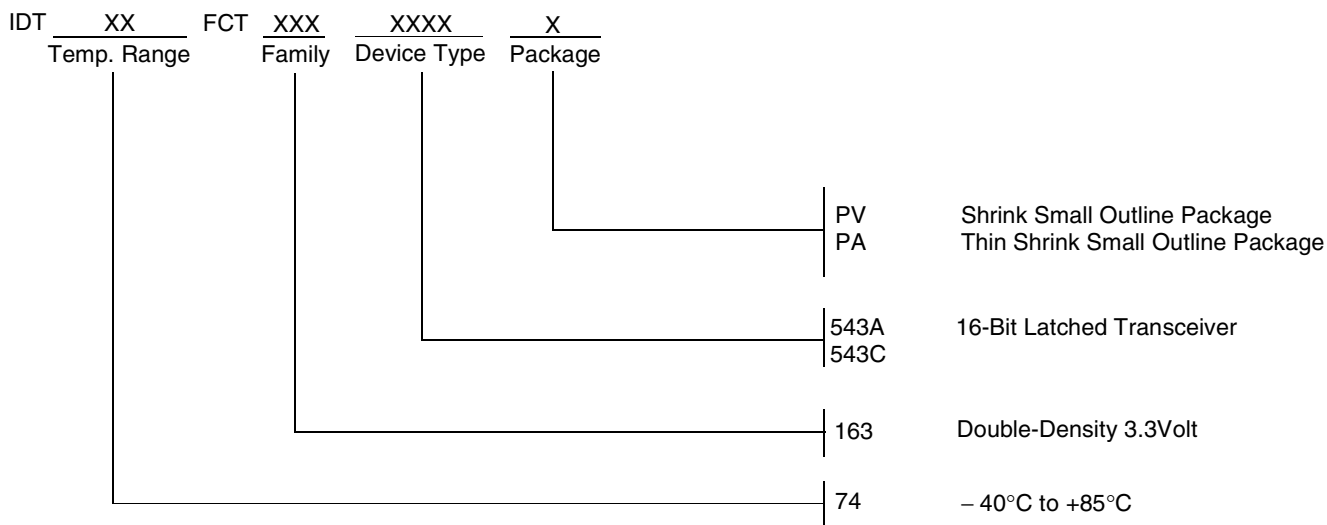


Enable and Disable Times

NOTES:

1. Diagram shown for input Control Enable-LOW and input Control Disable-HIGH.
2. Pulse Generator for All Pulses: Rate ≤ 1.0MHz; tr ≤ 2.5ns; tr ≤ 2.5ns.
3. If Vcc is below 3V, input voltage swings should be adjusted not to exceed Vcc.

## ORDERING INFORMATION



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