



DATA SHEET

PG4001S thru PG4007S

GLASS PASSIVATED JUNCTION PLASTIC RECTIFIER

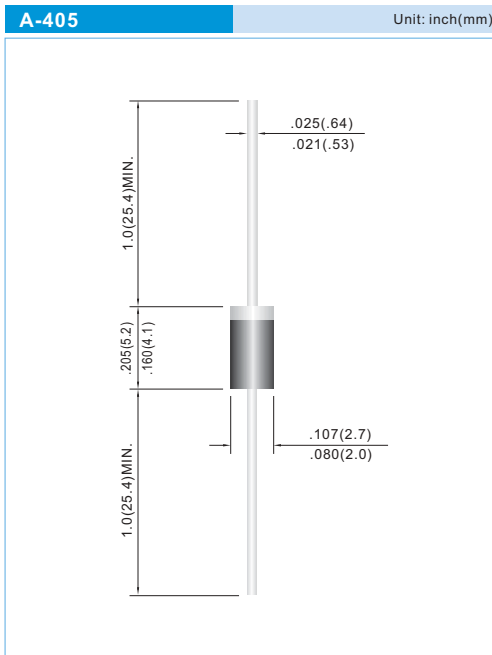
VOLTAGE 50 to 1000 Volts **CURRENT** 1.0 Amperes **A-405** Unit: inch(mm)

FEATURES

- Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory
- Flammability Classification 94V-O utilizing Flame Retardant Epoxy Molding Compound.
- Exceeds environmental standards of MIL-S-19500/228
- Both normal and Pb free product are available :
Normal : 80~95% Sn, 5~20% Pb
Pb free: 98.5% Sn above

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: Molded plastic, JEDEC A-405
 Terminals: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
 Polarity: Color Band denotes cathode
 Mounting Position: Any
 Weight: 0.008 ounce, 0.22 gram.



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified. Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PG4001S	PG4002S	PG4003S	PG4004S	PG4005S	PG4006S	PG4007S	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Current .375" (9.5mm) lead length at TA=75 °C	I _{AV}	1.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current : 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load(JEDEC method)	I _{FSM}	30							A
Maximum Forward Voltage at 1.0A	V _F	1.1							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current TA=25°C at Rated DC Blocking Voltage TA=100°C	I _R	5.0 50							uA
Typical Junction capacitance (Note 1)	C _J	15							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance	RθJA	50							°C / W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range T _J , T _{STG}	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 TO +150							°C

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 VDC.
- * JEDEC Registered Value



RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

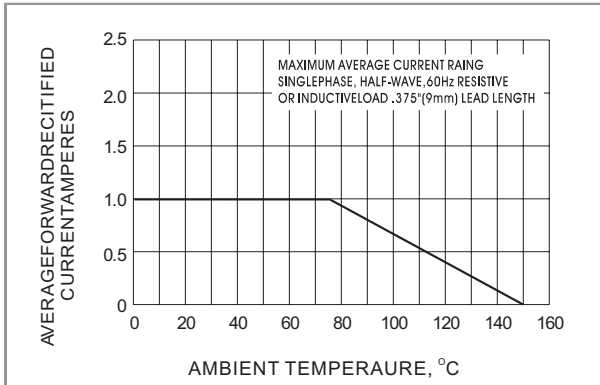


Fig.1- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

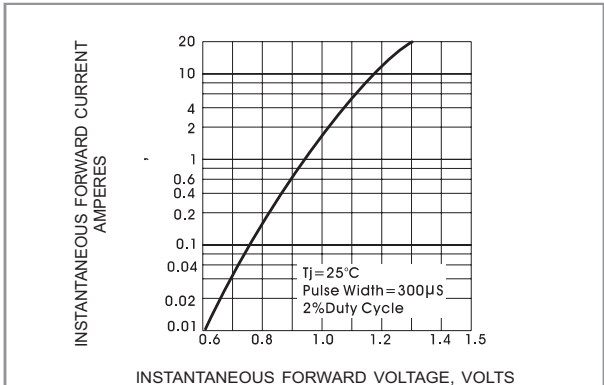


Fig.2- TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

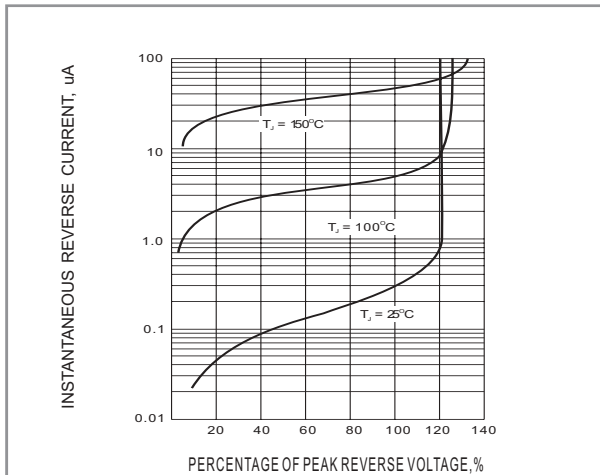


Fig.3- TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTIC

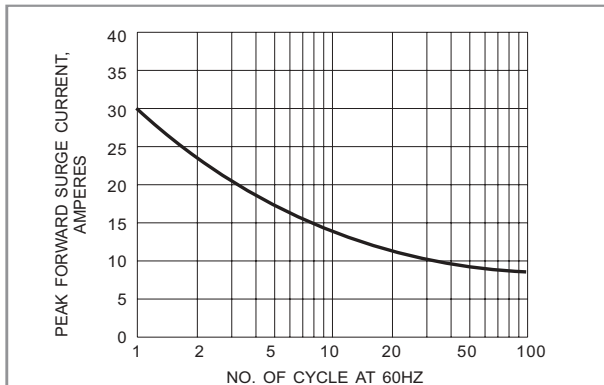


Fig.4- MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

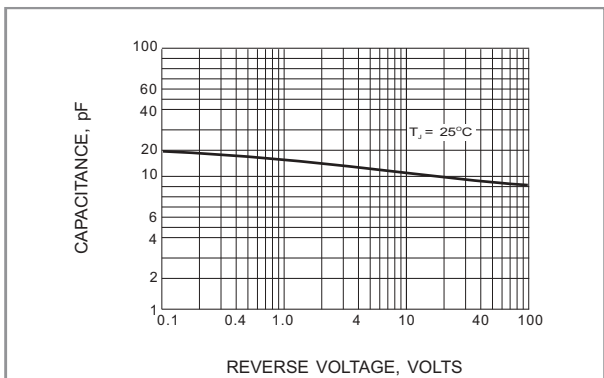


Fig.5- TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE