# Low-Voltage 1.8/2.5/3.3V **16-Bit Buffer**

# With 3.6V-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3-State, Non-Inverting)

The NL74VCXH16244 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 16-bit buffer. It is designed for very high-speed, very low-power operation in 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V systems.

When operating at 2.5V (or 1.8V) the part is designed to tolerate voltages it may encounter on either inputs or outputs when interfacing to 3.3V busses. It is guaranteed to be over-voltage tolerant to 3.6V.

The NL74VCXH16244 is nibble controlled with each nibble functioning identically, but independently. The control pins may be tied together to obtain full 16-bit operation. The 3-state outputs are controlled by an Output Enable (OEn) input for each nibble. When  $\overline{OEn}$  is LOW, the outputs are on. When  $\overline{OEn}$  is HIGH, the outputs are in the high impedance state. The data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating inputs at a valid logic state.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation: V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.65–3.6V
- 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs
- High Speed Operation: 2.5ns max for 3.0 to 3.6V

3.0ns max for 2.3 to 2.7V 6.0ns max for 1.65 to 1.95V

±24mA Drive at 3.0V • Static Drive:

±18mA Drive at 2.3V ±6mA Drive at 1.65V

- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- Includes Active Bushold to Hold Unused or Floating Inputs at a Valid Logic State
- IOFF Specification Guarantees High Impedance When  $V_{CC} = 0V^{\dagger}$
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20µA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds ±300mA @ 125°C
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model

†NOTE: To ensure the outputs activate in the 3-state condition, the output enable pins should be connected to  $V_{\hbox{\footnotesize{CC}}}$  through a pull-up resistor. The value of the resistor is determined by the current sinking capability of the output connected to the  $\overline{\mbox{OE}}$  pin.



# ON Semiconductor

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TSSOP-48 **DT SUFFIX CASE 1201** 

#### MARKING DIAGRAM

NL74VCXH16244DT **AWLYYWW** 

= Assembly Location

WL = Wafer Lot YY = Year WW = Work Week

## **PIN NAMES**

Pins	Function
OEn	Output Enable Inputs
D0-D15	Inputs
O0-O15	Outputs

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping
NL74VCXH16244DT	TSSOP	39 / Rail
NL74VCXH16244DTR	TSSOP	2500 / Reel

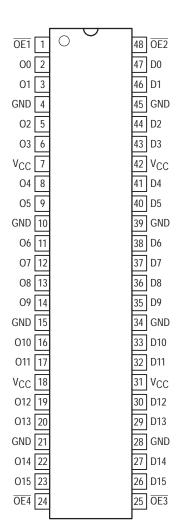


Figure 1. 48-Lead Pinout (Top View)

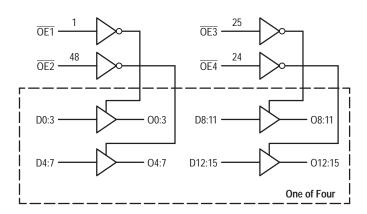
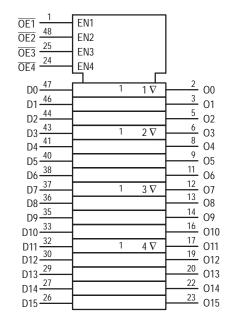


Figure 2. Logic Diagram



OE1	D0:3	O0:3	OE2	D4:7	O4:7	OE3	D8:11	O8:11	OE4	D12:15	O12:15
L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н
Н	Х	Z	Н	Х	Z	Н	Х	Z	Н	Х	Z

H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; Z = High Impedance State; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable, for I<sub>CC</sub> reasons, DO NOT FLOAT Inputs

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6		V
VI	DC Input Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_{\parallel} \le +4.6$		V
VO	DC Output Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_{O} \le +4.6$	Output in 3–State	V
		$-0.5 \le V_{O} \le V_{CC} + 0.5$	Note 1.; Outputs Active	V
lık	DC Input Diode Current	-50	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA
lok	DC Output Diode Current	-50	V <sub>O</sub> < GND	mA
		+50	AO > ACC	mA
IO	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
Icc	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	±100		mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150		°C

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute–maximum–rated conditions is not implied.

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VCC	Supply Voltage Operating Data Retention Only	1.65 1.2	3.3 3.3	3.6 3.6	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.3		3.6	V
Vo	Output Voltage (Active State) (3–State)	0 0		V <sub>C</sub> C 3.6	V
ІОН	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V – 3.6V			-24	mA
l <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V – 3.6V			24	mA
IOH	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V – 2.7V			-18	mA
IOL	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V – 2.7V			18	mA
loh	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V - 1.95V			-6	mA
l <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V – 1.95V			6	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Free-Air Temperature			+85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, V <sub>IN</sub> from 0.8V to 2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	0		10	ns/V

<sup>1.</sup> IO absolute maximum rating must be observed.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.3V	0.65 x V <sub>C</sub> C		V	
		2.3V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7V	1.6			
		2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V	2.0			
VIL	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.3V		0.35 x V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
		2.3V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7V		0.7		
		2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V		0.8		
Vон	HIGH Level Output Voltage	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ $3.6$ V; I <sub>OH</sub> = $-100$ μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	1.25			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	2.0			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	1.8			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -18mA	1.7			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	2.2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -18mA	2.4			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -24mA	2.2			
VOL	LOW Level Output Voltage	$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ ; $I_{OL} = 100\mu A$		0.2	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA		0.3		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 18mA		0.6		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 18mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA		0.55		
lı	Input Leakage Current	$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; \ 0V \le V_{I} \le 3.6V$		±5.0	μΑ	
I <sub>I</sub> (HOLD)	Minimum Bushold Input Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V, V_{IN} = 0.8V$	75		μΑ	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.0V	-75			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.7V	45			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.6V	-45			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.57V	25			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.07V	-25			
I <sub>I</sub> (OD)	Minimum Bushold Over-Drive	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, (Note 3.)	450		μΑ	
, ,	Current Needed to Change State	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, (Note 4.)	-450			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V, (Note 3.)	300			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V, (Note 4.)	-300			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.95V, (Note 3.)	200			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.95V, (Note 4.)	-200			
loz	3–State Output Current	$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; \ 0V \le V_O \le 3.6V;$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$		±10	μА	
lOFF	Power-Off Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V; V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 3.6V		10	μΑ	
ICC	Quiescent Supply Current (Note 5.)	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>		20	μΑ	
		1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V; 3.6V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 3.6V		±20	μΑ	
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V; V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$		750	μА	

<sup>2.</sup> These values of V<sub>I</sub> are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

3. An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW–to–HIGH

4. An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from HIGH–to–LOW

5. Outputs disabled or 3–state only.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 6.;  $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns;  $C_L = 30$ pF;  $R_L = 500\Omega$ )

				Limits					
					T <sub>A</sub> = -40°0	C to +85°C			
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	OV to 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3	3V to 2.7V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.6	65 – 1.95V	
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay Input to Output	1	0.8 0.8	2.5 2.5	1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.0	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>t</sup> PZL	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.5 3.5	1.0 1.0	4.1 4.1	1.5 1.5	8.2 8.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ <sup>t</sup> PLZ	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.5 3.5	1.0 1.0	3.8 3.8	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.8	ns
tOSHL tOSLH	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 7.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5		0.75 0.75	ns

<sup>6.</sup> For  $C_L$  = 50pF, add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum specification.

#### **DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Тур	Unit
VOLP	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.25	٧
	(Note 8.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.6	]
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_{L} = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.8	
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.25	V
	(Note 8.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.8	
VOHV	Dynamic HIGH Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	1.5	V
	(Note 9.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	1.9	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_{L} = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	2.2	]

<sup>8.</sup> Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

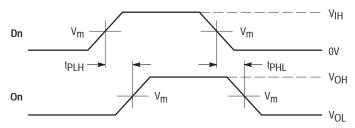
#### **CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	Note 10.	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	Note 10.	7	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Note 10., 10MHz	20	pF

 $<sup>10.</sup>V_{CC} = 1.8, 2.5 \text{ or } 3.3V; V_{I} = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}.$ 

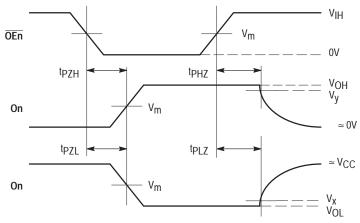
<sup>7.</sup> Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (toshL) or LOW-to-HIGH (toslH); parameter guaranteed by design.

<sup>9.</sup> Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.



## **WAVEFORM 1 - PROPAGATION DELAYS**

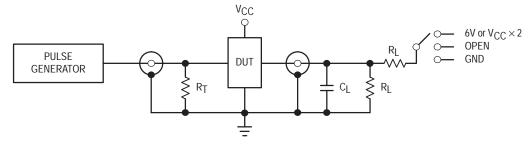
 $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns



WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES  $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns

Figure 3. AC Waveforms

	VCC				
Symbol	3.3V ±0.3V	2.5V ±0.2V	1.8V ±0.15V		
VIH	2.7V	Vcc	Vcc		
V <sub>m</sub>	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V		
Vy	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V		

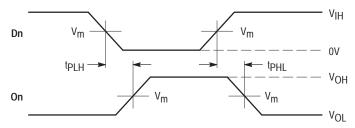


TEST	SWITCH
tPLH, tPHL	Open
tPZL, tPLZ	6V at $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 ±0.3V; $V_{CC} \times$ 2 at $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 ±0.2V; 1.8 ±0.15V
tPZH, tPHZ	GND

C<sub>L</sub> = 30pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)

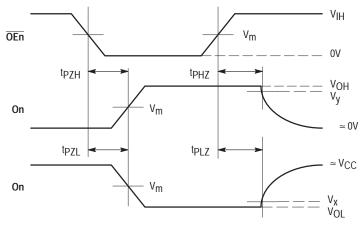
 $R_L = 500\Omega$  or equivalent  $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically  $50\Omega$ )

Figure 4. Test Circuit



## **WAVEFORM 3 - PROPAGATION DELAYS**

 $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns

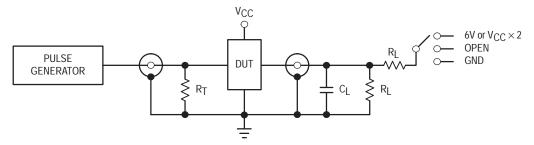


# WAVEFORM 4 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

 $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns

Figure 5. AC Waveforms

	Vcc			
Symbol	3.3V ±0.3V	2.7V		
V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7V	2.7V		
V <sub>m</sub>	1.5V	1.5V		
V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V		
Vy	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V		



TEST	SWITCH
tPLH, tPHL	Open
<sup>t</sup> PZL <sup>, t</sup> PLZ	6V at $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 ±0.3V; $V_{CC} \times$ 2 at $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 ±0.2V; 1.8 ±0.15V
tPZH, tPHZ	GND

C<sub>L</sub> = 50pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)

 $R_L = 500\Omega$  or equivalent  $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically  $50\Omega$ )

Figure 6. Test Circuit

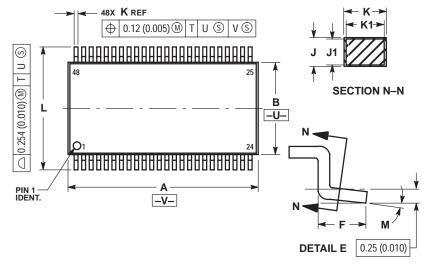
AC CHARACTERISTICS ( $t_R = t_F = 2.0 \text{ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{pF}$ ;  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V		
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
tPLH tPHL	Propagation Delay Input to Output	3	1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0		3.6 3.6	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>t</sup> PZL	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	4	1.0 1.0	4.4 4.4		5.4 5.4	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ <sup>t</sup> PLZ	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	4	1.0 1.0	4.1 4.1		4.6 4.6	ns
toshl toslh	Output–to–Output Skew (Note 11.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5	ns

<sup>11.</sup> Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH—to—LOW (toshl) or LOW—to—HIGH (tosl); parameter guaranteed by design.

## **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

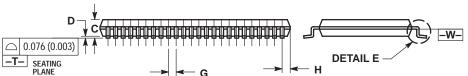
#### **TSSOP DT SUFFIX** CASE 1201-01 ISSUE A

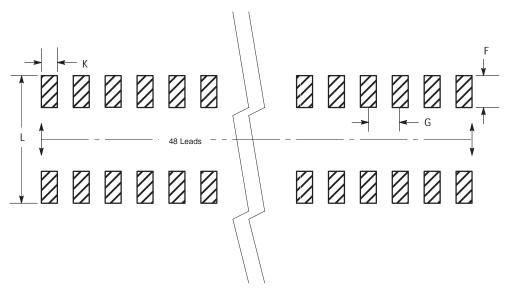


- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS. SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

  4. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
  - PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
    PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
  - TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
- REFERENCE ONLY.
  DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE
  DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

$\overline{}$						
	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES			
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	12.40	12.60	0.488	0.496		
В	6.00	6.20	0.236	0.244		
С		1.10		0.043		
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006		
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030		
G	0.50	BSC	0.0197 BSC			
Н	0.37		0.015			
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008		
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006		
K	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011		
K1	0.17	0.23	0.007	0.009		
L	7.95	8.25	0.313	0.325		
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °		





**Package Footprint** 

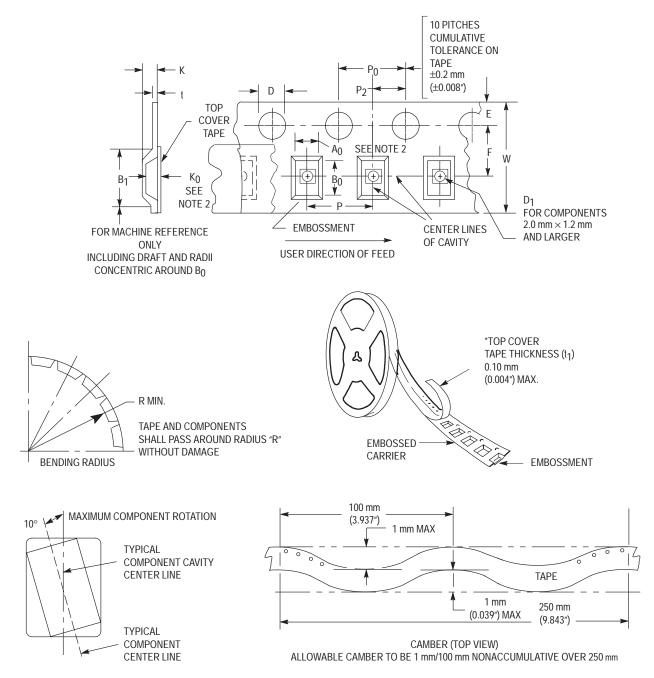


Figure 7. Carrier Tape Specifications

#### EMBOSSED CARRIER DIMENSIONS (See Notes 1 and 2)

Tape Size	B <sub>1</sub> Max	D	D <sub>1</sub>	E	F	К	Р	P <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	R	Т	w
24mm	20.1mm (0.791")	1.5 + 0.1mm -0.0 (0.059 +0.004" -0.0)	1.5mm Min (0.060")	1.75 ±0.1 mm (0.069 ±0.004")	11.5 ±0.10 mm (0.453 ±0.004")	11.9 mm Max (0.468")	16.0 ±0.1 mm (0.63 ±0.004")	4.0 ±0.1 mm (0.157 ±0.004")	2.0 ±0.1 mm (0.079 ±0.004")	30 mm (1.18")	0.6 mm (0.024")	24.3 mm (0.957")

- 1. Metric Dimensions Govern-English are in parentheses for reference only.
- 2. A<sub>0</sub>, B<sub>0</sub>, and K<sub>0</sub> are determined by component size. The clearance between the components and the cavity must be within 0.05 mm min to 0.50 mm max. The component cannot rotate more than 10° within the determined cavity

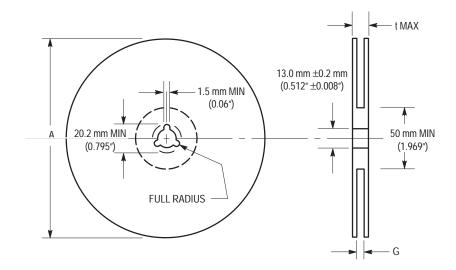


Figure 8. Reel Dimensions

# **REEL DIMENSIONS**

Tape Size	A Max	G	t Max	
24 mm	360 mm	24.4 mm + 2.0 mm, -0.0	30.4 mm	
	(14.173")	(0.961" + 0.078", -0.00)	(1.197")	

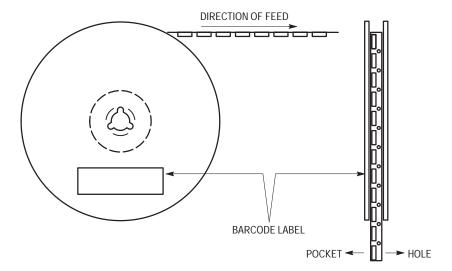


Figure 9. Reel Winding Direction

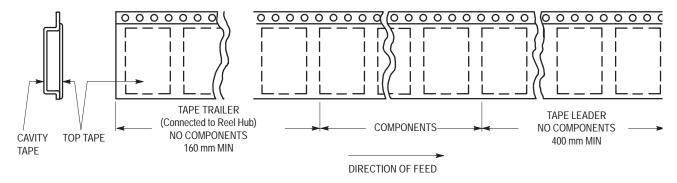


Figure 10. Tape Ends for Finished Goods

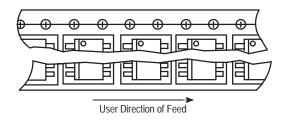


Figure 11. Reel Configuration

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