

- Meets EIA Standards RS-422-A and RS-485
- Meets CCITT Recommendations V.11 and X.27
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- 3-State Outputs
- Common-Mode Output Voltage Range of -7 V to 12 V
- Active-High and Active-Low Enables
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Positive- and Negative-Current Limiting
- Operates From Single 5-V Supply
- Low Power Requirements
- Functionally Interchangeable With AM26LS31

#### description

The SN75172 is a monolithic quad differential line driver with 3-state outputs. It is designed to meet the requirements of EIA Standards RS-422-A and RS-485 and CCITT Recommendations V.11 and X.27. The device is optimized for balanced multipoint bus transmission at rates of up to 4 megabaud. Each driver features wide positive and negative common-mode output voltage ranges making it suitable for party-line applications in noisy environments.

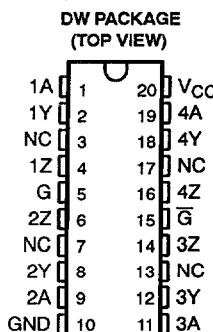
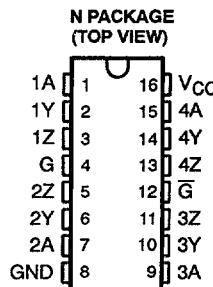
The SN75172 provides positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions on the transmission bus line. Shutdown occurs at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. This device offers optimum performance when used with the SN75173 or SN75175 quadruple differential line receivers.

The SN75172 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

FUNCTION TABLE  
(each driver)

INPUT A	ENABLES		OUTPUTS	
	G	$\bar{G}$	Y	Z
H	H	X	H	L
L	H	X	L	H
H	X	L	H	L
L	X	L	L	H
X	L	H	Z	Z

H = high level, L = low level,  
X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

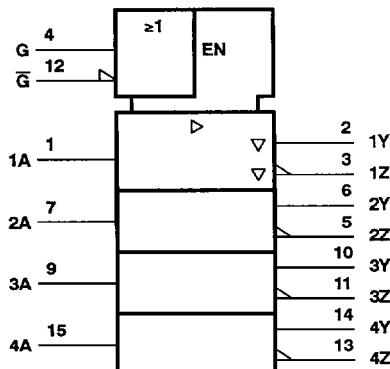


NC – No internal connection

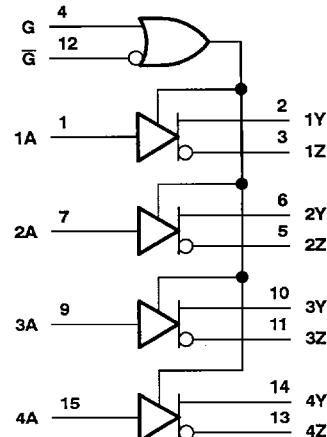
# SN75172 QUAD DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER

SLLS038A - D2596, OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993

## logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



## logic diagram (positive logic)



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

Pin numbers shown are for the N package.

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	7 V
Input voltage, $V_I$	5.5 V
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to the network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
DW	1125 mW	9.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$	720 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$	736 mW

## recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$	4.75	5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, $V_{IH}$		2		V
Low-level input voltage, $V_{IL}$			0.8	V
Common-mode output voltage, $V_{OC}$			-7 to 12	V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$			-60	mA
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$			60	mA
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	0	70		$^\circ\text{C}$

**electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IK}$ Input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.5	V
$V_O$ Output voltage	$I_O = 0$		0		6	V
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$V_{IH} = 2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ ,	$I_{OH} = -33 \text{ mA}$		3.7		V
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{IH} = 2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ ,	$I_{OH} = 33 \text{ mA}$		1.1		V
$ V_{OD1} $ Differential output voltage	$I_O = 0$			1.5	6	V
$ V_{OD2} $ Differential output voltage	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , See Figure 1		1/2 $V_{OD1}$ or 2‡			V
	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ , See Figure 1		1.5	2.5	5	V
$V_{OD3}$ Differential output voltage	See Note 2		1.5		5	V
$\Delta V_{OD1} $ Change in magnitude of differential output voltage‡				$\pm 0.2$		V
$V_{OC}$ Common-mode output voltage§	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ or $100 \Omega$ , See Figure 1			+3		V
				-1		
				$\pm 0.2$		V
$I_O$ Output current with power off	$V_{CC} = 0$ , $V_O = -7 \text{ V}$ to $12 \text{ V}$				$\pm 100$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$ High-impedance-state output current	$V_O = -7 \text{ V}$ to $12 \text{ V}$				$\pm 100$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IH}$ High-level input current	$V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$				20	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$ Low-level input current	$V_I = 0.5 \text{ V}$				-360	mA
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current	$V_O = -7 \text{ V}$				-180	mA
	$V_O = V_{CC}$				180	
	$V_O = 12 \text{ V}$				500	
$I_{CC}$ Supply current (all drivers)	No load	Outputs enabled		38	60	mA
		Outputs disabled		18	40	

† All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

‡  $\Delta|V_{OD1}|$  and  $\Delta|V_{OC}|$  are the changes in magnitude of  $V_{OD1}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

§ In EIA Standard RS-422-A,  $V_{OC}$ , which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to ground, is called output offset voltage,  $V_{OS}$ .

¶ The minimum  $V_{OD2}$  with a  $100\Omega$  load is either  $1/2 V_{OD1}$  or  $2 \text{ V}$ , whichever is greater.

NOTE 2: See Figure 3-5 of EIA Standard RS-485.

**SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS**

DATA SHEET PARAMETER	RS-422-A	RS-485
$V_O$	$V_{oa}, V_{ob}$	$V_{oa}, V_{ob}$
$ V_{OD1} $	$V_o$	$V_o$
$ V_{OD2} $	$V_t (R_L = 100 \Omega)$	$V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$
$ V_{OD2} $		$V_t$ (Test Termination Measurement 2)
$\Delta V_{OD1} $	$ V_t  -  \bar{V}_t $	$ V_t  -  \bar{V}_t $
$V_{OC}$	$ V_{os} $	$ V_{os} $
$\Delta V_{OC} $	$ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $	$ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $
$I_{OS}$	$ I_{sal} ,  I_{sb} $	
$I_O$	$ I_{xal} ,  I_{xb} $	$ I_{ia} ,  I_{ib} $

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### switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{dD}$ Differential-output delay time	$R_L = 54\ \Omega$ , See Figure 2	45	65	ns	
$t_{tD}$ Differential-output transition time		80	120	ns	
$t_{PZH}$ Output enable time to high level	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$ , See Figure 3	80	120	ns	
$t_{PZL}$ Output enable time to low level	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$ , See Figure 4	45	80	ns	
$t_{PHZ}$ Output disable time from high level	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$ , See Figure 3	78	115	ns	
$t_{PLZ}$ Output disable time from low level	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$ , See Figure 3	18	30	ns	

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

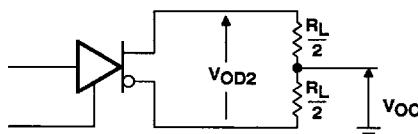


Figure 1. Differential and Common-Mode Output Voltages

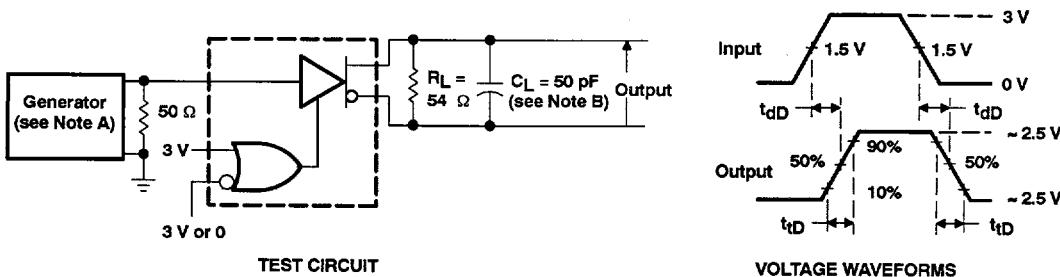


Figure 2. Differential-Output Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_f \leq 5\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_r \leq 5\text{ ns}$ , PRR  $\leq 1\text{ MHz}$ , duty cycle = 50%,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ .

B.  $C_L$  includes probe and stray capacitance.

**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

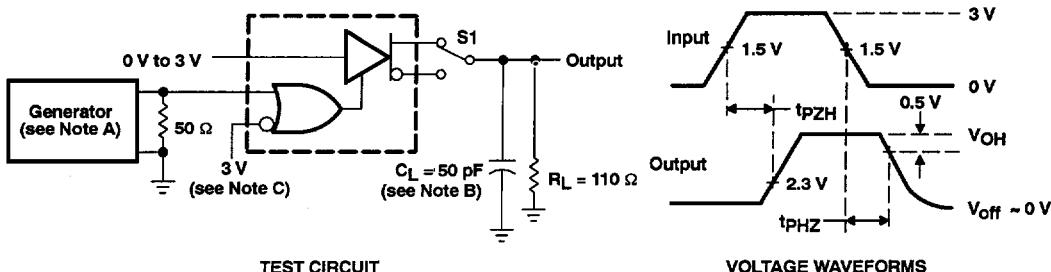


Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

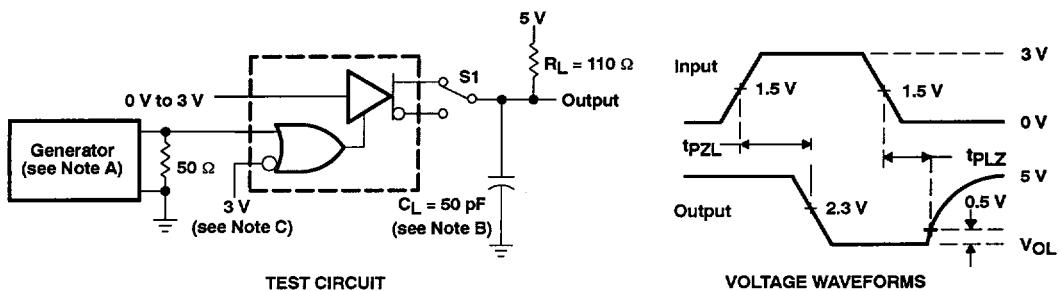


Figure 4. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

NOTES: C. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_r \leq 5$  ns,  $t_f \leq 5$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
D.  $C_L$  includes probe and stray capacitance.  
E. To test the active-low enable  $\bar{G}$ , ground  $G$  and apply an inverted waveform to  $\bar{G}$ .

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### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

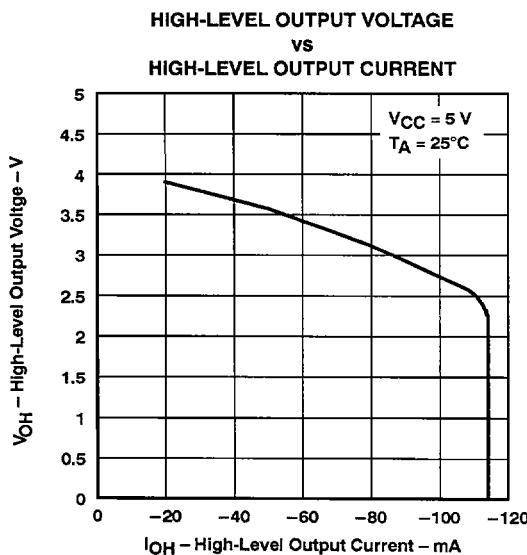


Figure 5

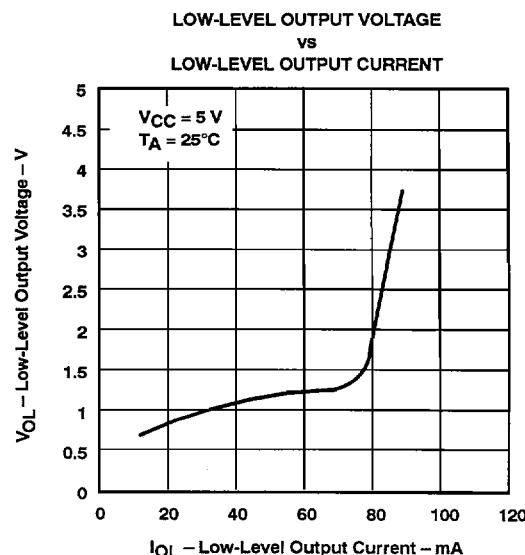


Figure 6

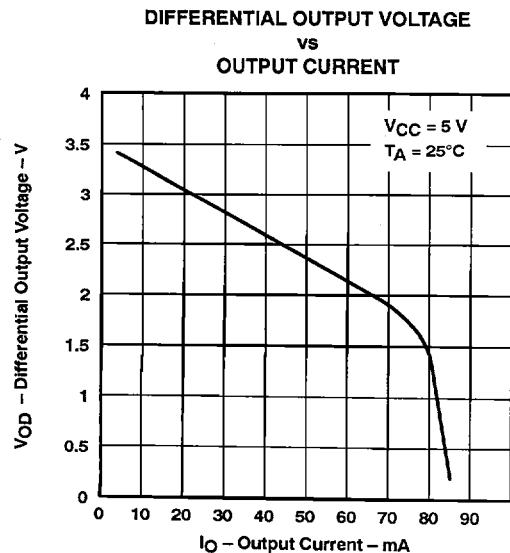


Figure 7

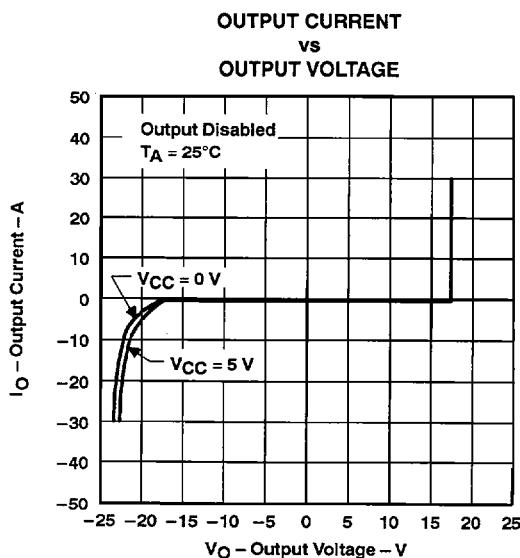


Figure 8

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

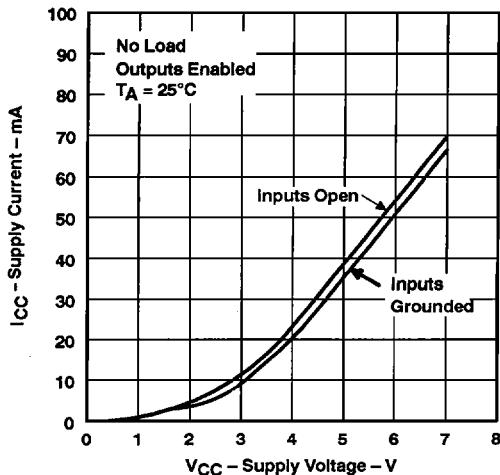


Figure 9

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

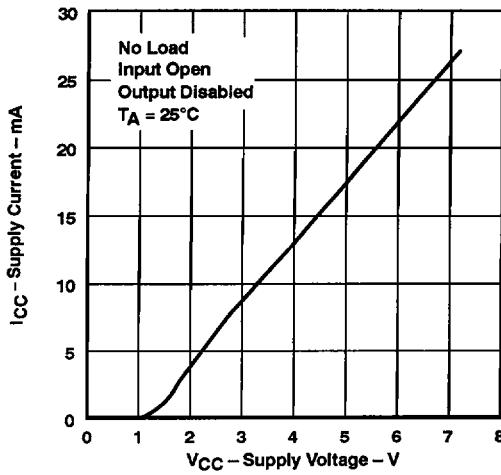
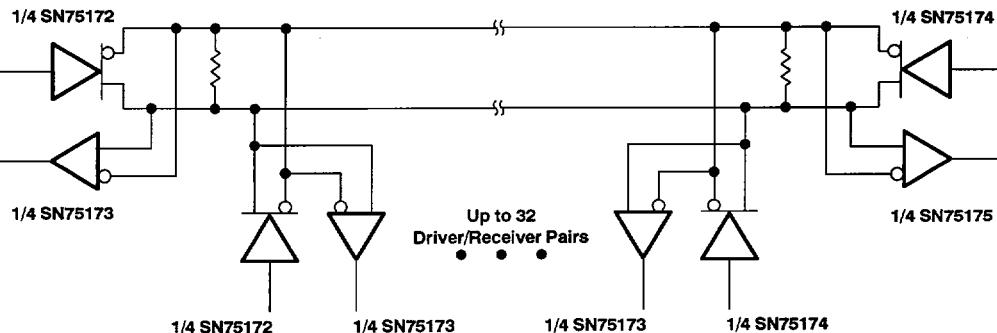


Figure 10

APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE: The line length should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance. Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Figure 11