

3-TO-8 LINE DECODER/DEMULTIPLEXER

FEATURES

- Demultiplexing capability
- Multiple input enable for easy expansion
- Ideal for memory chip select decoding
- Active HIGH mutually exclusive outputs
- Output capability: standard
- I_{CC} category: MSI

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT238 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSSTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT238 decoders accept three binary weighted address inputs (A₀, A₁, A₂) and when enabled, provide 8 mutually exclusive active HIGH outputs (Y₀ to Y₇). The "238" features three enable inputs: two active LOW (E₁ and E₂) and one active HIGH (E₃). Every output will be LOW unless E₁ and E₂ are LOW and E₃ is HIGH.

This multiple enable function allows easy parallel expansion of the "238" to a 1-of-32 (5 lines to 32 lines) decoder with just four "238" ICs and one inverter.

The "238" can be used as an eight output demultiplexer by using one of the active LOW enable inputs as the data input and the remaining enable inputs as strobes. Unused enable inputs must be permanently tied to their appropriate active HIGH or LOW state.

The "238" is identical to the "138" but has non-inverting outputs.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | TYPICAL | | UNIT |
|--|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | HC | HCT | |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay A _n to Y _n E ₃ to Y _n E _n to Y _n | C _L = 15 pF V _{CC} = 5 V | 14 16 17 | 18 20 21 | ns ns ns |
| C _I | input capacitance | | 3.5 | 3.5 | pF |
| C _{PD} | power dissipation capacitance per package | notes 1 and 2 | 72 | 76 | pF |

GND = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; t_r = t_f = 6 ns

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:
 f_i = input frequency in MHz C_L = output load capacitance in pF
 f_o = output frequency in MHz V_{CC} = supply voltage in V
 Σ (C_L × V_{CC}² × f_o) = sum of outputs
2. For HC the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC}
 For HCT the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC} - 1.5 V

PACKAGE OUTLINES

SEE PACKAGE INFORMATION SECTION

PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NO. | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1, 2, 3 | A ₀ to A ₂ | address inputs |
| 4, 5 | E ₁ , E ₂ | enable inputs (active LOW) |
| 6 | E ₃ | enable input (active HIGH) |
| 8 | GND | ground (0 V) |
| 15, 14, 13, 12 | Y ₀ to Y ₇ | outputs (active HIGH) |
| 11, 10, 9, 7 | | |
| 16 | V _{CC} | positive supply voltage |

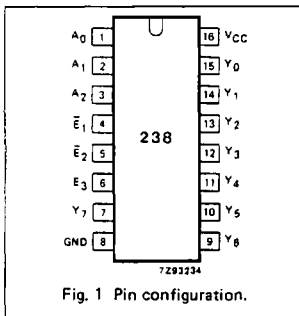


Fig. 1 Pin configuration.

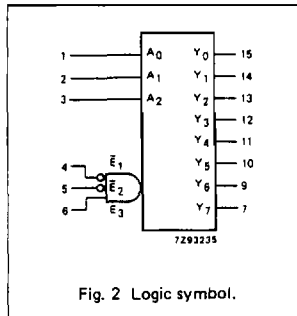


Fig. 2 Logic symbol.

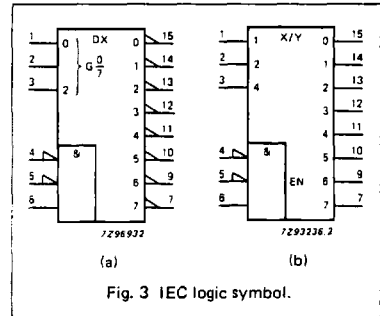
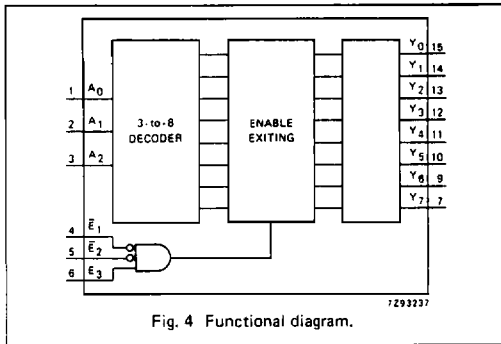


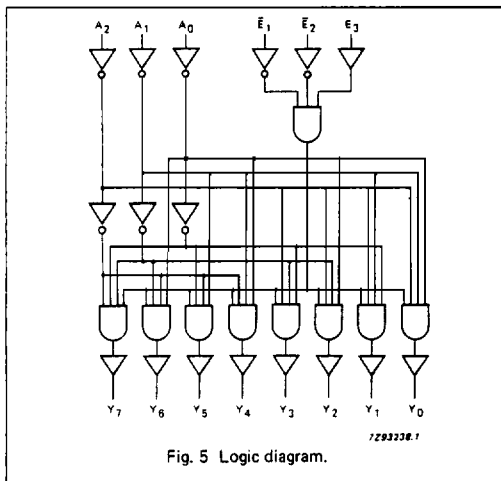
Fig. 3 IEC logic symbol.



FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | | | | | OUTPUTS | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| \bar{E}_1 | \bar{E}_2 | E_3 | A_0 | A_1 | A_2 | Y_0 | Y_1 | Y_2 | Y_3 | Y_4 | Y_5 | Y_6 | Y_7 |
| H | X | X | X | X | X | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| X | H | X | X | X | X | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| X | X | L | X | X | X | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | H | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | L | L | L | H | L | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | H | L | L | L | L | H | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | H | L | L | L | L | L | H | L | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | H | L | L | L | L | L | L | H | L |
| L | L | H | L | H | H | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | H |

H = HIGH voltage level
L = LOW voltage level
X = don't care



DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: standard

I_{CC} category: MSI

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | T _{amb} (°C) | | | | | | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | 74HC | | | | | | | V _{CC} V | WAVEFORMS | |
| | | +25 | | | -40 to +85 | | -40 to +125 | | | | |
| | | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | | | | max. |
| t _{pHL} / t _{pLH} | propagation delay A _n to Y _n | | 47 17 14 | 150 30 26 | | 190 38 33 | | 225 45 38 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{pHL} / t _{pLH} | propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n | | 52 19 15 | 160 32 27 | | 200 40 34 | | 240 48 41 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{pHL} / t _{pLH} | propagation delay E _n to Y _n | | 50 18 14 | 155 31 26 | | 195 39 33 | | 235 47 40 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 7 |
| t _{THL} / t _{TLH} | output transition time | | 19 7 6 | 75 15 13 | | 95 19 16 | | 110 22 19 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Figs 6 and 7 |

DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: standard

I_{CC} category: MSI

Note to HCT types

The value of additional quiescent supply current (ΔI_{CC}) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications.

To determine ΔI_{CC} per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

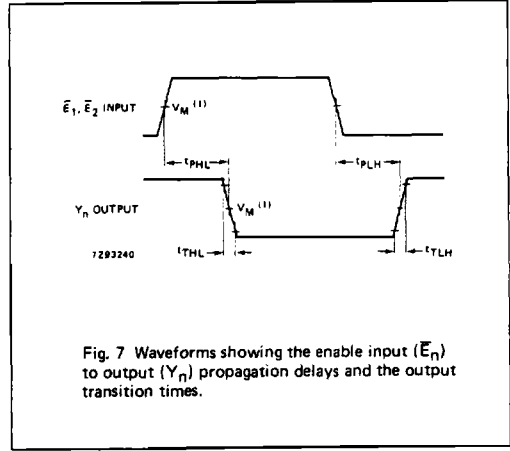
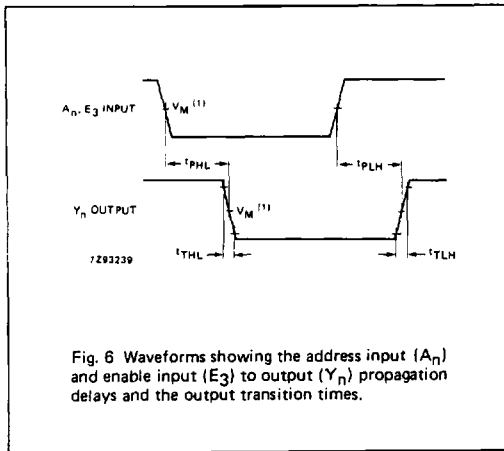
| INPUT | UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| A _n | 0.70 |
| E _n | 0.40 |
| E ₃ | 1.45 |

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | T _{amb} (°C) | | | | | | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|------|------|------------|------|-------------|------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | 74HCT | | | | | | | V _{CC} V | WAVEFORMS | |
| | | +25 | | | -40 to +85 | | -40 to +125 | | | | |
| | | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | | | | max. |
| t _{PHL} | propagation delay A _n to Y _n | | 21 | 35 | | 44 | | 53 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PLH} | propagation delay A _n to Y _n | | 17 | 35 | | 44 | | 53 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} | propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n | | 22 | 37 | | 46 | | 56 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PLH} | propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n | | 18 | 37 | | 46 | | 56 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} | propagation delay E _n to Y _n | | 21 | 35 | | 44 | | 53 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 7 |
| t _{PLH} | propagation delay E _n to Y _n | | 18 | 35 | | 44 | | 53 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 7 |
| t _{THL} / t _{TLH} | output transition time | | 7 | 15 | | 19 | | 22 | ns | 4.5 | Figs 6 and 7 |

AC WAVEFORMS



Note to AC waveforms

- (1) HC : $V_M = 50\%$; $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$.
- HCT: $V_M = 1.3 \text{ V}$; $V_I = \text{GND to } 3 \text{ V}$.