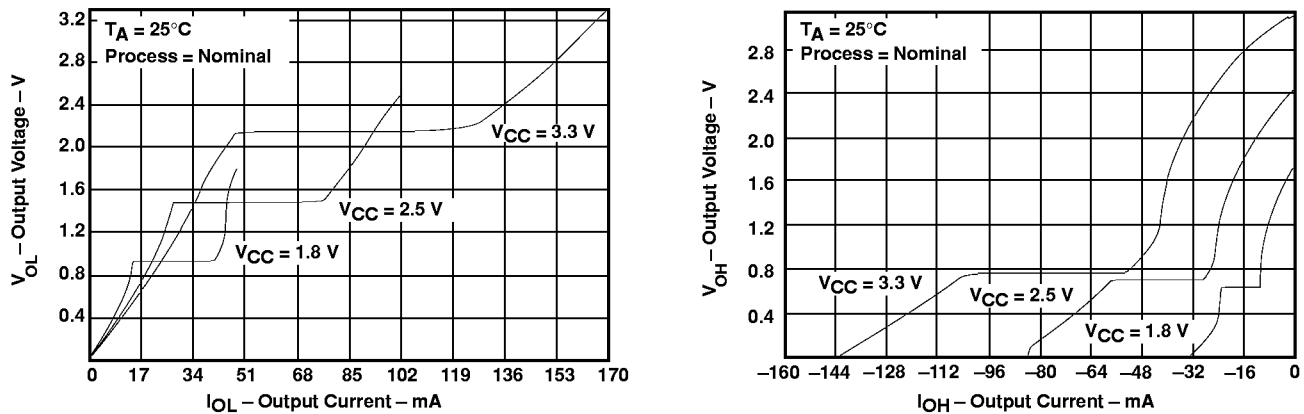


- **EPIC™** (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- **DOC™** (Dynamic Output Control) Circuit Dynamically Changes Output Impedance, Resulting in Noise Reduction Without Speed Degradation
- Dynamic Drive Capability Is Equivalent to Standard Outputs With  $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OL}$  of  $\pm 24$  mA at 2.5-V  $V_{CC}$
- Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs/Outputs Allow Mixed-Voltage-Mode Data Communications
- $I_{off}$  Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages

**description**

A Dynamic Output Control (DOC) circuit is implemented, which, during the transition, initially lowers the output impedance to effectively drive the load and, subsequently, raises the impedance to reduce noise. Figure 1 shows typical  $V_{OL}$  vs  $I_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  vs  $I_{OH}$  curves to illustrate the output impedance and drive capability of the circuit. At the beginning of the signal transition, the DOC circuit provides a maximum dynamic drive that is equivalent to a high-drive standard-output device. For more information, refer to the TI application reports, *AVC Logic Family Technology and Applications*, literature number SCEA006, and *Dynamic Output Control (DOC™) Circuitry Technology and Applications*, literature number SCEA009.



**Figure 1. Output Voltage vs Output Current**

This quadruple bus buffer gate is operational at 1.2-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$ , but is designed specifically for 1.65-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

The SN74AVC125 features independent line drivers with 3-state outputs. Each output is disabled when the associated output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input is high.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The SN74AVC125 is characterized for operation from  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ .



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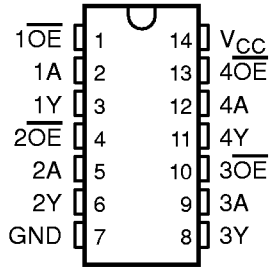


# SN74AVC125 QUADRUPLE BUS BUFFER GATE WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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## terminal assignments

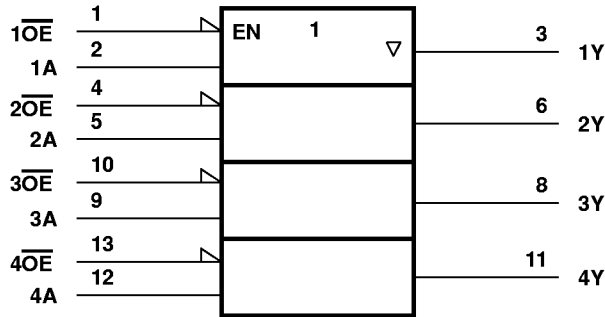
D, DGV, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



FUNCTION TABLE  
(each buffer)

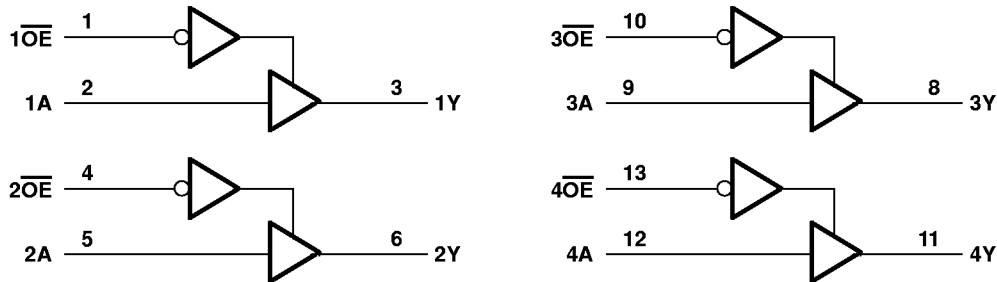
INPUTS		OUTPUT
$\overline{OE}$	A	Y
L	H	H
L	L	L
H	X	Z

## logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

## logic diagram (positive logic)



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# SN74AVC125

## QUADRUPLE BUS BUFFER GATE WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	3.6	V
		Data retention only	1.2		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	2		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	GND		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.7		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.8		
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	0	3.6	V	
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	Active state	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		3-state	0	3.6	
I <sub>OHS</sub>	Static high-level output current†	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-4		mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-8		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-12		
I <sub>OLS</sub>	Static low-level output current†	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	4		mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	8		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	12		
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 3.6 V		5	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C	

† Dynamic drive capability is equivalent to standard outputs with I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub> of ±24 mA at 2.5-V V<sub>CC</sub>. See Figure 1 for V<sub>OL</sub> vs I<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> vs I<sub>OH</sub> characteristics. Refer to the TI application reports, **AVC Logic Family Technology and Applications**, literature number **SCEA006**, and **Dynamic Output Control (DOC™) Circuitry Technology and Applications**, literature number **SCEA009**.

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>		I <sub>OHS</sub> = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V
		I <sub>OHS</sub> = -4 mA, V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.07 V	1.65 V	1.2			
		I <sub>OHS</sub> = -8 mA, V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.7 V	2.3 V	1.75			
		I <sub>OHS</sub> = -12 mA, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	3 V	2.3			
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OLS</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
		I <sub>OLS</sub> = 4 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.57 V	1.65 V			0.45	
		I <sub>OLS</sub> = 8 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.7 V	2.3 V			0.55	
		I <sub>OLS</sub> = 12 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V	3 V			0.7	
I <sub>I</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.6 V			±2.5	μA
I <sub>off</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or 3.6 V	0			±10	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>		V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.6 V			±12.5	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	3.6 V			40	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.5 V				pF
			3.3 V				
	Data inputs		2.5 V				
			3.3 V				
C <sub>o</sub>	Outputs	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.5 V				pF
			3.3 V				

† Typical values are measured at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 2 through 5)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	A	Y										ns
t <sub>en</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	Y										ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	Y										ns

operating characteristics, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT
		TYP	TYP	TYP	
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance per buffer	C <sub>L</sub> = 0, f = 10 MHz				pF

PRODUCT PREVIEW

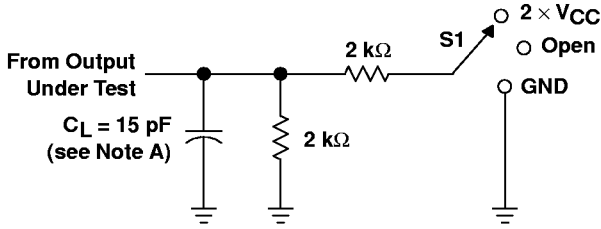


**SN74AVC125**  
**QUADRUPLE BUS BUFFER GATE**  
**WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS**

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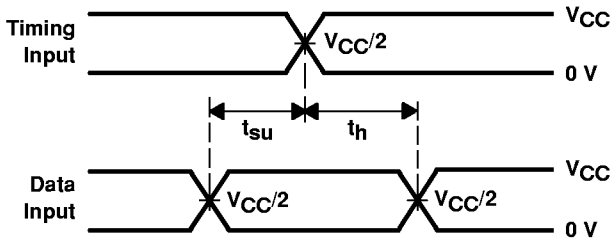
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

$V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V AND }1.5\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V}$

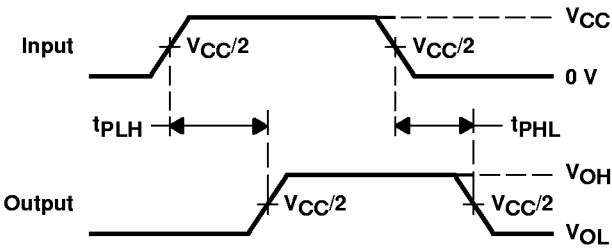


**LOAD CIRCUIT**

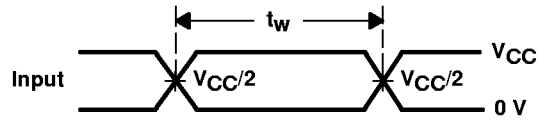
TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{pLZ}/t_{pZL}$	$2 \times V_{CC}$
$t_{pHZ}/t_{pZH}$	GND



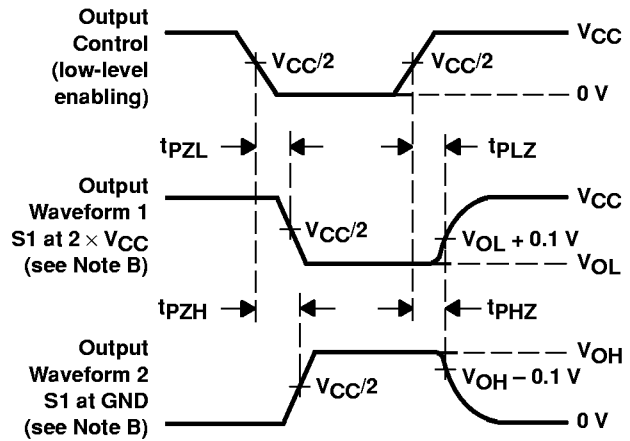
**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 SETUP AND HOLD TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PULSE DURATION**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES**

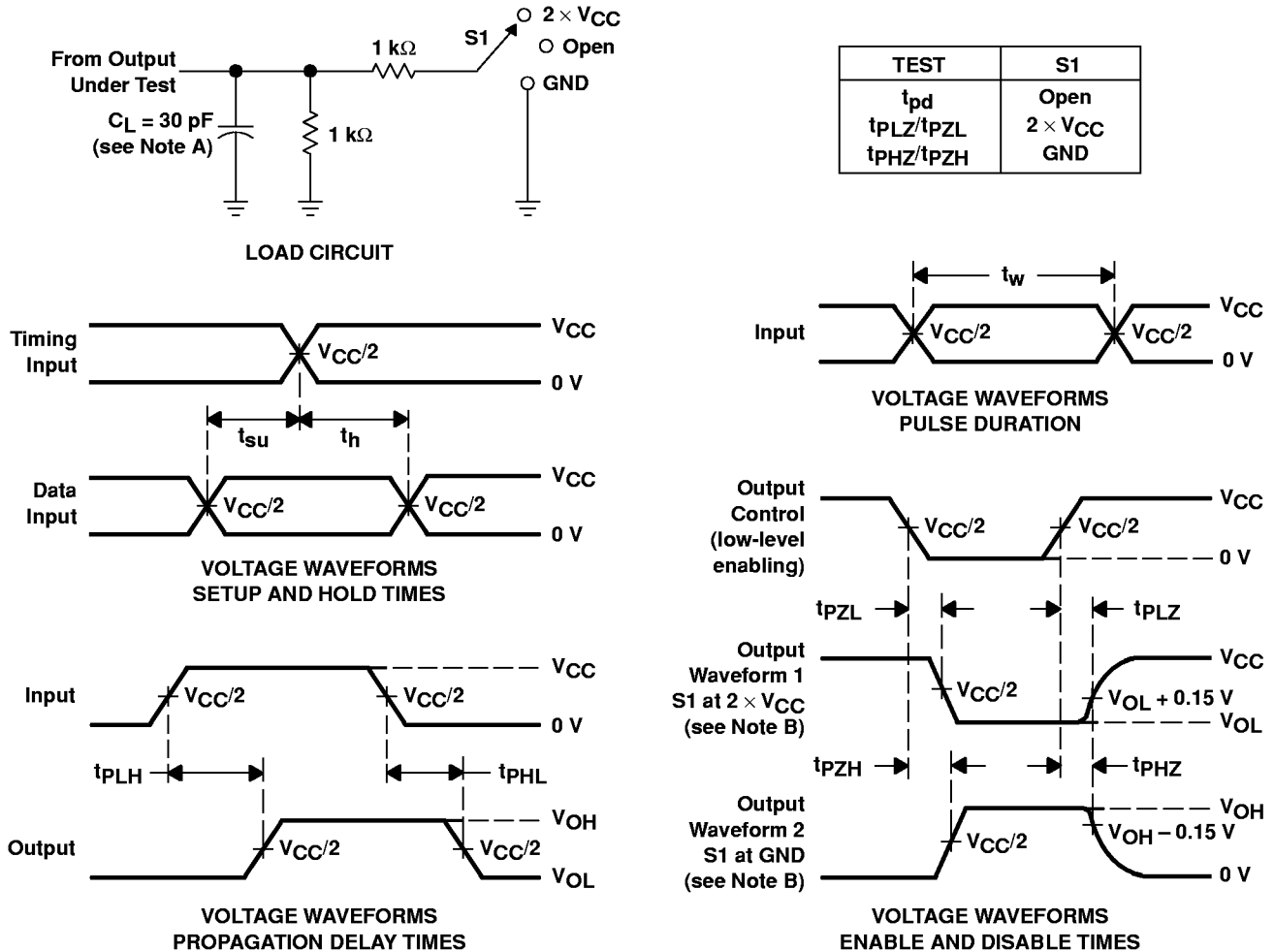
- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2\text{ ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{pLZ}$  and  $t_{pHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{pZL}$  and  $t_{pZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

**Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

PRODUCT PREVIEW

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$



- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2\text{ ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

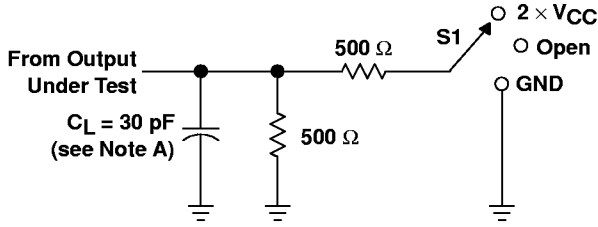
Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

**SN74AVC125**  
**QUADRUPLE BUS BUFFER GATE**  
**WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS**

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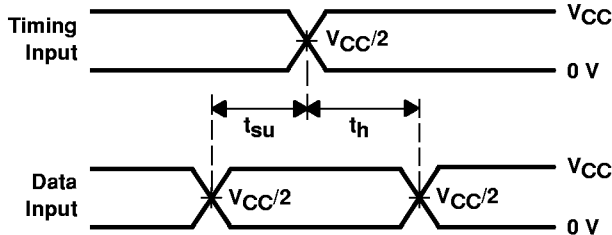
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$

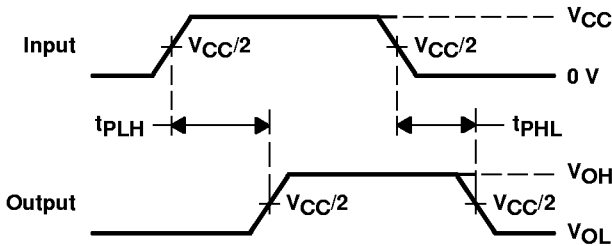


**LOAD CIRCUIT**

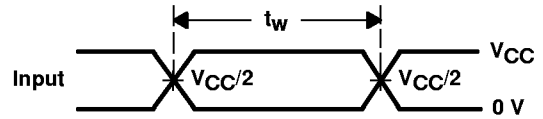
TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{pLZ}/t_{pZL}$	2 $\times V_{CC}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



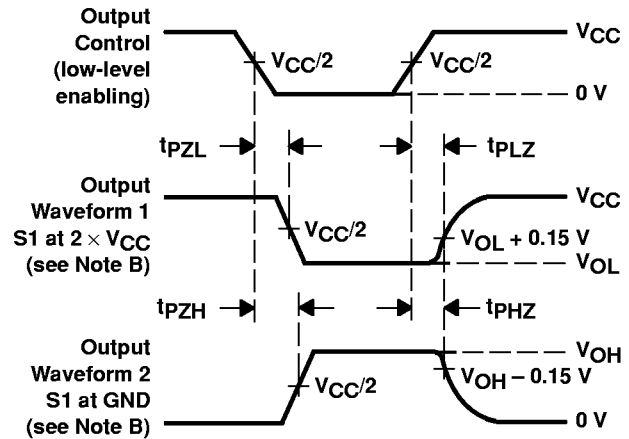
**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 SETUP AND HOLD TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PULSE DURATION**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES**

- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2\text{ ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{pLZ}$  and  $t_{pHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{pZL}$  and  $t_{pZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

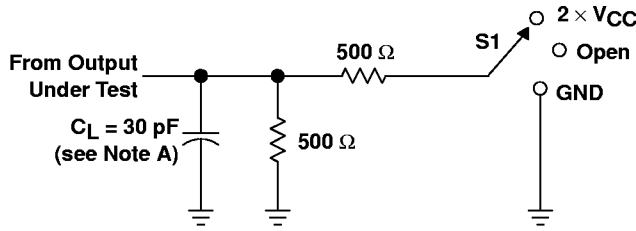
**Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

**PRODUCT PREVIEW**



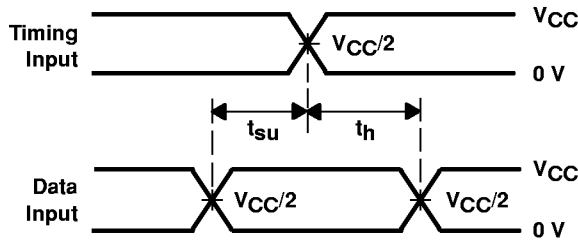
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$

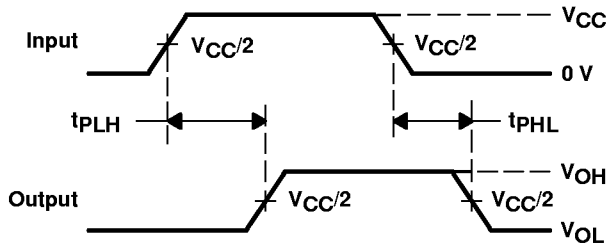


LOAD CIRCUIT

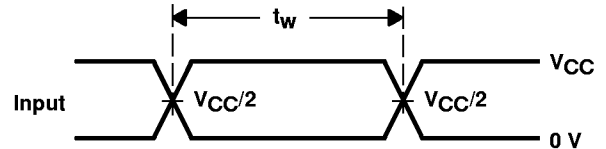
TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	2 $\times V_{CC}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



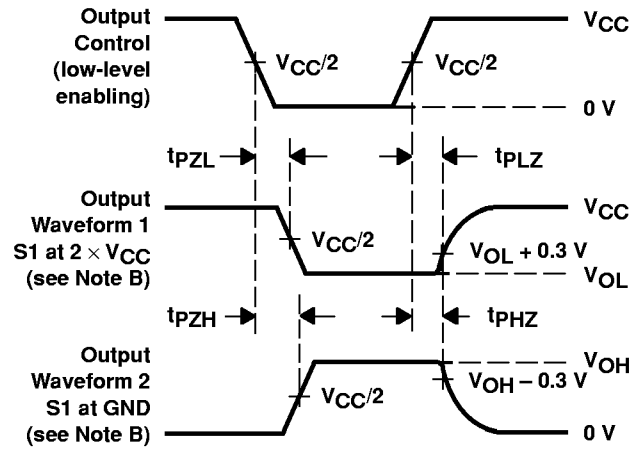
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.  
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2\text{ ns}$ .  
 D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.  
 E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .  
 F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .  
 G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

Figure 5. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PRODUCT PREVIEW

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