



# MM54HCT157/MM74HCT157 Quad 2-Input Multiplexer

## MM54HCT158/MM74HCT158 Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (Inverted Output)

### General Description

These high speed QUAD 2-to-1 line data selector/multiplexers utilize advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits, as well as the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads.

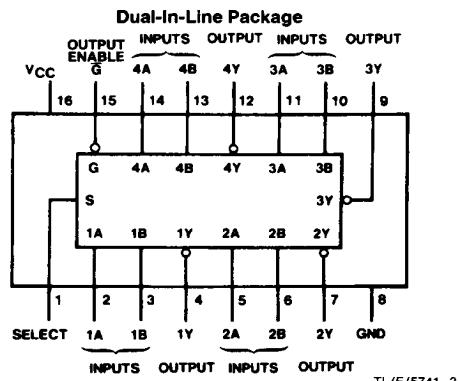
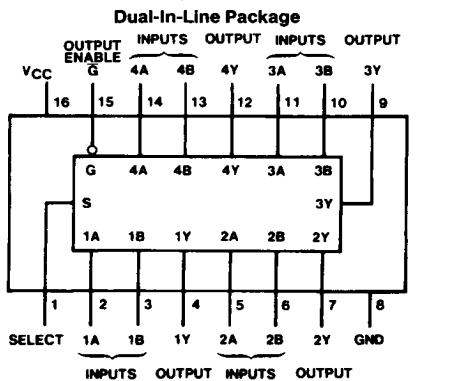
These devices each consist of four 2-input digital multiplexers with common select and OUTPUT ENABLE inputs. On the MM54HCT157/MM74HCT157, when the OUTPUT ENABLE input is at logical "0" the four outputs assume the values as selected from the inputs. When the OUTPUT ENABLE input is at a logical "1" the outputs assume logical "0". The MM54HCT158/MM74HCT158 operates in the same manner, except that its outputs are inverted. Select decoding is done internally resulting in a single select input only. If enabled, the select input determines whether the A or B inputs get routed to their corresponding Y outputs.

The 54HCT/74HCT logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to  $V_{CC}$  and ground.

### Features

- Typical propagation delay: 14 ns data to any output
- Power supply range:  $5V \pm 10\%$
- Low power supply quiescent current: 80  $\mu A$  maximum (74HCT Series)
- Low input current: 1  $\mu A$  maximum
- Completely TTL compatible
- High output drive current: 60 mA minimum

### Connection Diagrams



Order Number MM54HCT157/158\* or MM74HCT157/158\*

\*Please look into Section 8, Appendix D for availability of various package types.

### Function Table

Strobe	Select	Inputs		Output Y	
		A	B	HCT157	HCT158
H	X	X	X	L	H
L	L	L	X	L	H
L	L	H	X	H	L
L	H	X	L	L	H
L	H	X	H	H	L

H = High Level, L = Low Level, X = Irrelevant

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Notes 1 & 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	−0.5 to +7.0V
DC Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	−1.5 to $V_{CC}$ + 1.5V
DC Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )	−0.5 to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5V
Clamp Diode Current ( $I_{IK}, I_{OK}$ )	±20 mA
DC Output Current, per pin ( $I_{OUT}$ )	±25 mA
DC $V_{CC}$ or GND Current, per pin ( $I_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{STG}$ )	−65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ ) (Note 3)	600 mW
S.O. Package only	500 mW
Lead Temperature ( $T_L$ ) (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C

**Operating Conditions**

	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	4.5	5.5	V
DC Input or Output Voltage ( $V_{IN}, V_{OUT}$ )	0	$V_{CC}$	V
Operating Temp. Range ( $T_A$ )			
MM74HCT	−40	+85	°C
MM54HCT	−55	+125	°C
Input Rise or Fall Times ( $t_r, t_f$ )		500	ns

**DC Electrical Characteristics** (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		<b>74HCT</b>	<b>54HCT</b>	Units
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits			
$V_{IH}$	Minimum High Level Input Voltage				2.0	2.0	2.0	V
$V_{IL}$	Maximum Low Level Input Voltage				0.8	0.8	0.8	V
$V_{OH}$	Minimum High Level Output Voltage $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  \leq 20 \mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  \leq 20 \mu A$	4.5V	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  \leq 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $ I_{OUT}  \leq 7.2 \text{ mA}$	4.5V 5.5V	4.2 5.2	3.98 4.98	3.84 4.84	3.7 4.7	V V
$V_{OL}$	Maximum Low Level Voltage $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  = 20 \mu A$ $ I_{OUT}  = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $ I_{OUT}  = 7.2 \text{ mA}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  = 20 \mu A$	4.5V 5.5V	0 0.2	0.1 0.26	0.1 0.33	0.1 0.4	V V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $ I_{OUT}  = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $ I_{OUT}  = 7.2 \text{ mA}$	4.5V 5.5V	0.2 0.2	0.26 0.26	0.33 0.33	0.4 0.4	V V
$I_{IN}$	Maximum Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	±1.0	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$			8.0	80	160	$\mu A$
		$V_{IN} = 2.4V$ or $0.5V$ (Note 4)			1.2	1.4	1.5	mA

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.

Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: −12 mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C; ceramic "J" package: −12 mW/°C from 100°C to 125°C.

Note 4: For a power supply of  $5V \pm 10\%$  the worst case output voltages ( $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$ ) occur for HCT at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  occur at  $V_{CC} = 5.5V$  and 4.5V respectively. (The  $V_{IH}$  value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current ( $I_{IN}$ ,  $I_{CC}$ , and  $I_{OZ}$ ) occur for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 6.0V values should be used.

**AC Electrical Characteristics**  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ ,  $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Guaranteed Limit	Units
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Data to Output		14	20	ns
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Select to Output		14	20	ns
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Strobe to Output		12	18	ns

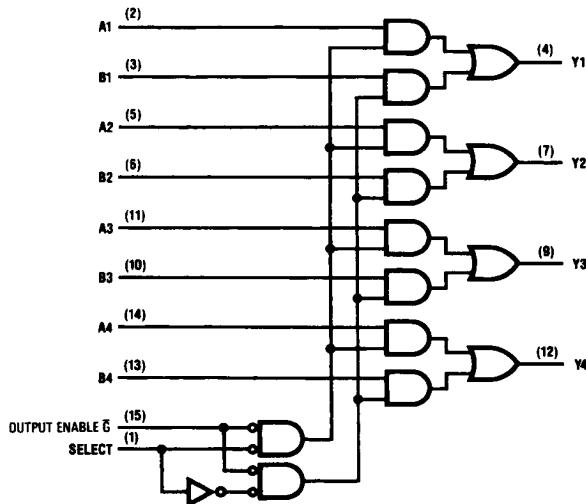
**AC Electrical Characteristics**  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ,  $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$  (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		$74HCT$	$54HCT$	Units
			Typ	Guaranteed Limits			
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Data to Output		13	22	28	33	ns
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Select to Output		15	27	34	41	ns
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, OUTPUT ENABLE to Output		14	25	31	38	ns
$t_{TLH}, t_{THL}$	Maximum Output Rise and Fall Time		8	15	19	22	ns
$C_{IN}$	Maximum Input Capacitance		5	10	10	10	pF
$C_{PD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 5)		48				pF

Note 5:  $C_{PD}$  determines the no load dynamic power consumption,  $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$ , and the no load dynamic current consumption,  $I_S = C_{PD} V_{CC} f + I_{CC}$ .

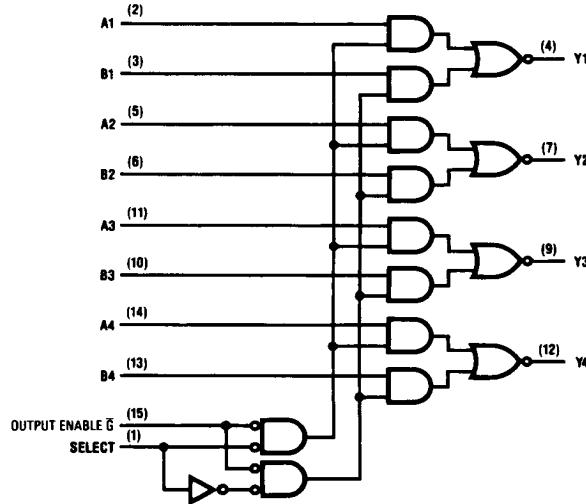
## Logic Diagrams

'HCT157



TL/F/5741-3

'HCT158



TL/F/5741-4