

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

N-P-N silicon transistors, in a microminiature plastic package intended for switching and linear applications in thick and thin-film circuits.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

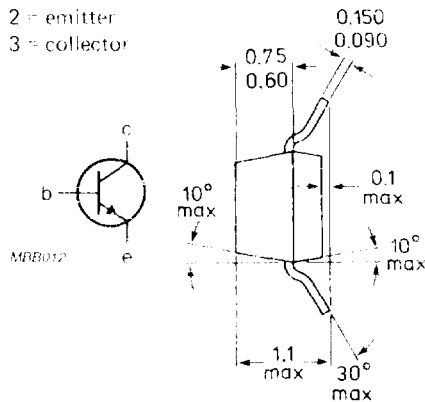
	BSR13		BSR14	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CB0}	max. 60	75	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CE0}	max. 30	40	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EB0}	max. 5	6	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max	800	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	250	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain			100 to 300	
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 30	40	
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 30	40	
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$				
$I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$	f_T	> 250	300	MHz

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 SOT-23.

Pinning:

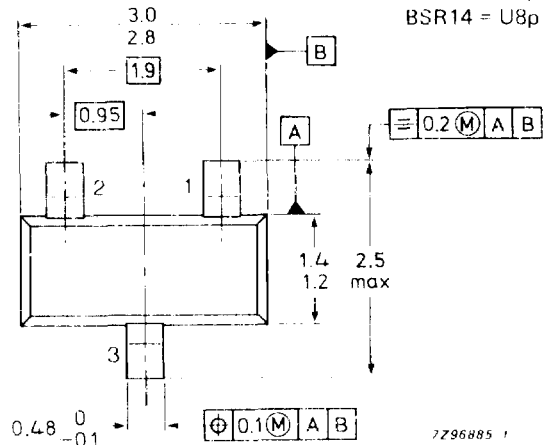
- 1 = base
- 2 = emitter
- 3 = collector



Dimensions in mm

Marking code

BSR13 = U7 μ
BSR14 = U8 μ



TOP VIEW

Reverse pinning types are available on request.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

			BSR13	BSR14	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	60	75	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	30	40	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5	6	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	800		mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	250		mW
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient*	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	500		K/W
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CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

			BSR13	BSR14	
Collector cut-off current					
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	30	—	nA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	—	10	nA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}; T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	<	10	—	μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}; T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	<	—	10	μA
$V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CEX}	<	—	10	nA
Base current with reverse biased emitter junction $V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{BEX}	<	—	20	nA
Emitter cut-off current $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	<	30	15	nA
Saturation voltages $I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	400	300	mV
	V_{BEsat}	<	1300	—	mV
	V_{BEsat}		—	0,6 to 1,2	V
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	1600	1000	mV
	V_{BEsat}	<	2600	2000	mV

* Mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board 8 mm x 10 mm x 0.7 mm.

D.C. current gain *

$I_C = 0,1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 35	
$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 50	
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 75	
$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	100 to 300	
$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 50	
$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ BSR13; R	h_{FE}	> 30	
$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ BSR14; R	h_{FE}	> 40	

Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ BSR13; R	f_T	> 250	MHz
$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ BSR14; R	f_T	> 300	MHz

Collector capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	C_C	< 8	pF
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h parameters (common emitter) at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$		<u>BSR14</u>	
input impedance	h_{ie}	2 to 8	k Ω
reverse voltage transfer ratio	h_{re}	< $8 \cdot 10^{-4}$	
small signal current gain	h_{fe}	50 to 300	
output admittance	h_{oe}	5 to 35	μS
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$		<u>BSR13</u>	
input impedance	h_{ie}	0,25 to 1,25	k Ω
reverse voltage transfer ratio	h_{re}	< $4 \cdot 10^{-4}$	
small signal current gain	h_{fe}	75 to 375	
output admittance	h_{oe}	25 to 200	μS

* Measured under pulsed conditions to avoid excessive dissipation; pulse duration $t_p \leq 300 \mu\text{s}$; duty factor $\delta \leq 0,02$.

Switching times (between 10% and 90% levels)

Turn-on time switched to $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ (see Fig. 2)

delay time
rise time

Turn-off time switched from $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ (see Fig. 3)

storage time
fall time

BSR14

$t_d < 10 \text{ ns}$
 $t_r < 25 \text{ ns}$

$t_s < 225 \text{ ns}$
 $t_f < 60 \text{ ns}$

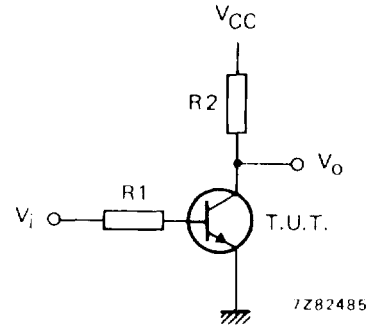
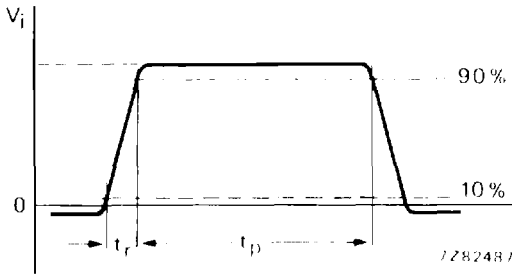


Fig. 2 Waveform and test circuit delay and rise time.

$V_i = -0,5 \text{ to } +9,9 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$; $R_1 = 619 \Omega$; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

pulse duration $t_p \leq 200 \text{ ns}$
rise time $t_r \leq 2 \text{ ns}$
duty factor $\delta = 2 \%$

Oscilloscope:

input impedance $Z_i > 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
input capacitance $C_i < 12 \text{ pF}$
rise time $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$

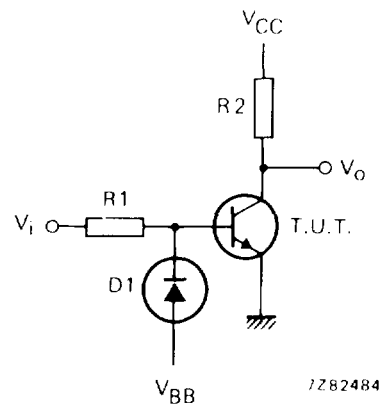
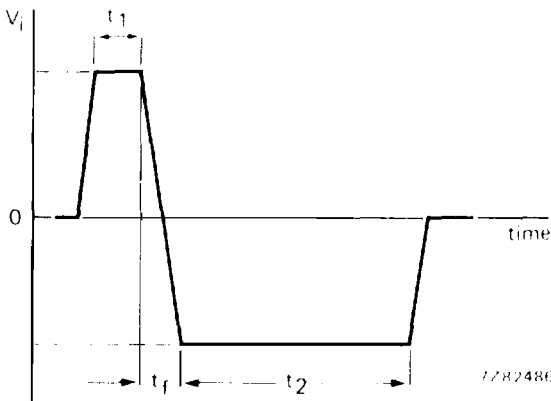


Fig. 3 Waveform and test circuit storage and fall time.

$V_i = -13,8 \text{ to } +16,2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$; $V_{BB} = 3 \text{ V}$; $R_1 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

fall time $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$
pulse time $t_1 = 100 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_2 = 500 \mu\text{s}$

Oscilloscope:

input impedance $Z_i > 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
input capacitance $C_i < 12 \text{ pF}$
rise time $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$