

HEX Schmitt Inverter

The TC74HC14A is a high speed CMOS SCHMITT INVERTER fabricated with silicon gate C²MOS technology.

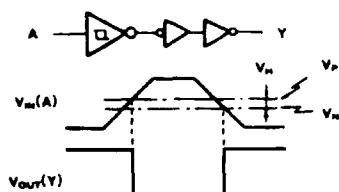
It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

Pin configuration and function are the same as the TC74HC04A but the inputs have 25% V_{CC} hysteresis and with its Schmitt trigger function, the TC74HC14A can be used as a line receiver which will receive slow input signals.

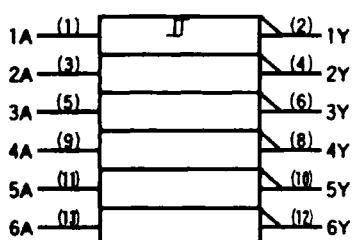
All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

Features

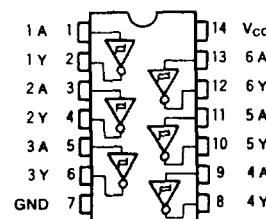
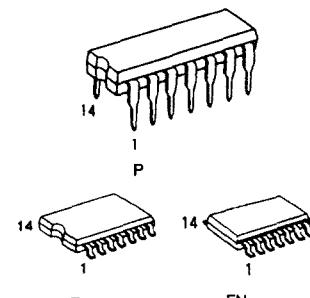
- High Speed: $t_{pd} = 11\text{ns}(\text{Typ.})$ at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$
- Low Power Dissipation: $I_{CC} = 1\mu\text{A}(\text{Max.})$ at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- High Noise Immunity: $V_{NH} = 1.1\text{V}$ at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$
- Output Drive Capability: 10 LSTTL Loads
- Symmetrical Output Impedance: $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4\text{mA}(\text{Min.})$
- Balanced Propagation Delays: $t_{DLH} = t_{PHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range: $V_{CC}(\text{opr}) = 2\text{V} \sim 6\text{V}$
- Pin and Function Compatible with 74LS14



Logic Diagram, Waveform



IEC Logic Symbol



(TOP VIEW)
Pin Assignment

Truth Table

A	Y
L	H
H	L

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	V _{CC}	-0.5 ~ 7	V
DC Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.5 ~ V _{CC} + 0.5	V
DC Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.5 ~ V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Input Diode Current	I _{IK}	±20	mA
Output Diode Current	I _{OK}	±20	mA
DC Output Current	I _{OUT}	±25	mA
DC V _{CC} /Ground Current	I _{CC}	±50	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	500(DIP)*/180(MFP)	mW
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-65 ~ 150	°C
Lead Temperature 10sec	T _L	300	°C

*500mW in the range of Ta = -40°C ~ 65°C. From Ta = 65°C to 85°C a derating factor of -10mW/°C shall be applied until 300mW.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	2 ~ 6	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	0 ~ V _{CC}	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	0 ~ V _{CC}	V
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40 ~ 85	°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition		Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40 ~ 85°C		Unit		
				V _{CC}	Min	Typ.	Max.	Min.			
Positive Threshold Voltage	V _P	-		2.0	1.0	1.25	1.5	1.0	1.5	V	
				4.5	2.3	2.7	3.15	2.3	3.15		
				6.0	3.0	3.5	4.2	3.0	4.2		
Negative Threshold Voltage	V _N	-		2.0	0.3	0.65	0.9	0.3	0.9	V	
				4.5	1.13	1.6	2.0	1.13	2.0		
				6.0	1.5	2.3	2.6	1.5	2.6		
Hysteresis Voltage	V _H	-		2.0	0.3	0.6	1.0	0.3	1.0	V	
				4.5	0.6	1.1	1.4	0.6	1.4		
				6.0	0.8	1.2	1.7	0.8	1.7		
High-Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -20μA	2.0	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	V	
				4.5	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—		
				6.0	5.9	6.0	—	5.9	—		
		V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -4 mA	4.5	4.18	4.31	—	4.13	—		
				6.0	5.68	5.80	—	5.63	—		
				—	—	—	—	—	—		
Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 20μA	2.0	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	V	
				4.5	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1		
		V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 4 mA	6.0	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1		
				4.5	—	0.17	0.26	—	0.33		
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		6.0	—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	μA	
		V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		6.0	—	—	1.0	—	10.0		

AC Electrical Characteristics ($C_L = 15\text{pF}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Transition Time	t_{TLH} t_{THL}	—	—	4	8	ns
Propagation Delay Time	t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	—	—	11	21	

AC Electrical Characteristics ($C_L = 50\text{pF}$, Input $t_i = t_o = 6\text{ns}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$			$T_a = -40 \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
			V_{CC}	Min	Typ.	Max.	Min.	
Output Transition Time	t_{TLH} t_{THL}	—	2.0	—	30	75	—	95
			4.5	—	8	15	—	19
			6.0	—	7	13	—	16
Propagation Delay Time	t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	—	2.0	—	42	125	—	155
			4.5	—	14	25	—	31
			6.0	—	12	21	—	26
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	—	—	—	5	10	—	10
Power Dissipation Capacitance	$C_{PD}(1)$	—	—	—	28	—	—	—

Note (1) C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(\text{op})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/6(\text{per Gate})$$

Notes