

3-TO-8 LINE DECODER/DEMULTIPLEXER; INVERTING

FEATURES

- Demultiplexing capability
- Multiple input enable for easy expansion
- Ideal for memory chip select decoding
- Active LOW mutually exclusive outputs
- Output capability: standard
- I²C category: MSI

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT138 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT138 decoders accept three binary weighted address inputs (A₀, A₁, A₂) and when enabled, provide 8 mutually exclusive active LOW outputs (\bar{Y}_0 to \bar{Y}_7).

The "138" features three enable inputs: two active LOW (\bar{E}_1 and \bar{E}_2) and one active HIGH (E₃). Every output will be HIGH unless \bar{E}_1 and \bar{E}_2 are LOW and E₃ is HIGH.

This multiple enable function allows easy parallel expansion of the "138" to a 1-of-32 (5 lines to 32 lines) decoder with just four "138" ICs and one inverter.

The "138" can be used as an eight output demultiplexer by using one of the active LOW enable inputs as the data input and the remaining enable inputs as strobes. Unused enable inputs must be permanently tied to their appropriate active HIGH or LOW state.

The "138" is identical to the "238" but has inverting outputs.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | TYPICAL | | UNIT |
|--|--|---|---------|-----|------|
| | | | HC | HCT | |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay A _n to \bar{Y}_n | C _L = 15 pF V _{CC} = 5 V | 12 | 17 | ns |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | E ₃ to \bar{Y}_n E _n to \bar{Y}_n | | 14 | 19 | ns |
| C _I | input capacitance | | 3.5 | 3.5 | pF |
| C _{PD} | power dissipation capacitance per package | notes 1 and 2 | 67 | 67 | pF |

GND = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; t_r = t_f = 6 ns

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz
f_o = output frequency in MHz
C_L = output load capacitance in pF
V_{CC} = supply voltage in V

Σ (C_L × V_{CC}² × f_o) = sum of outputs

2. For HC the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC}
For HCT the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC} - 1.5 V

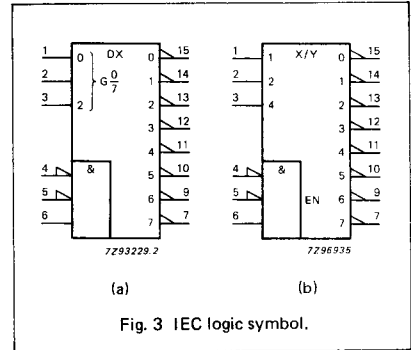
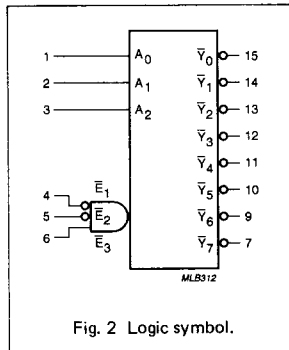
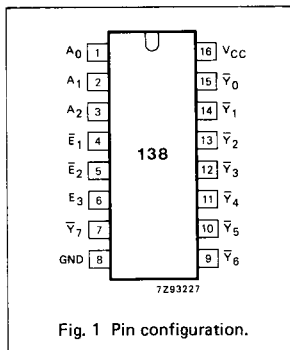
PACKAGE OUTLINES

16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38Z).

16-lead mIni-pack; plastic (SO16; SOT109A).

PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NO. | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1, 2, 3 | A ₀ to A ₂ | address inputs |
| 4, 5 | \bar{E}_1 , \bar{E}_2 | enable inputs (active LOW) |
| 6 | E ₃ | enable input (active HIGH) |
| 8 | GND | ground (0 V) |
| 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 7 | \bar{Y}_0 to \bar{Y}_7 | outputs (active LOW) |
| 16 | V _{CC} | positive supply voltage |



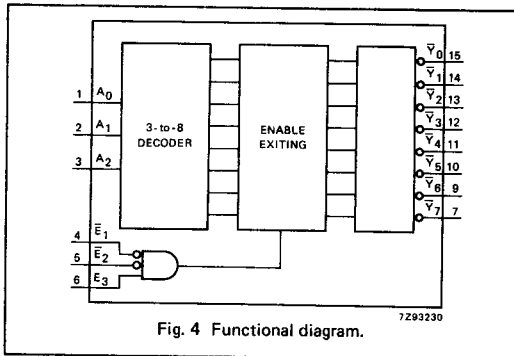


Fig. 4 Functional diagram.

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | | | | | OUTPUTS | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| \bar{E}_1 | \bar{E}_2 | E_3 | A_0 | A_1 | A_2 | \bar{Y}_0 | \bar{Y}_1 | \bar{Y}_2 | \bar{Y}_3 | \bar{Y}_4 | \bar{Y}_5 | \bar{Y}_6 | \bar{Y}_7 |
| H | X | X | X | X | X | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H |
| X | H | X | X | X | X | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H |
| X | X | L | X | X | X | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | H | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | H | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | L | H | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | L | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | H | L | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | H | H | L | H |
| L | L | H | L | L | L | L | H | H | H | H | H | H | L |

H = HIGH voltage level
L = LOW voltage level
X = don't care

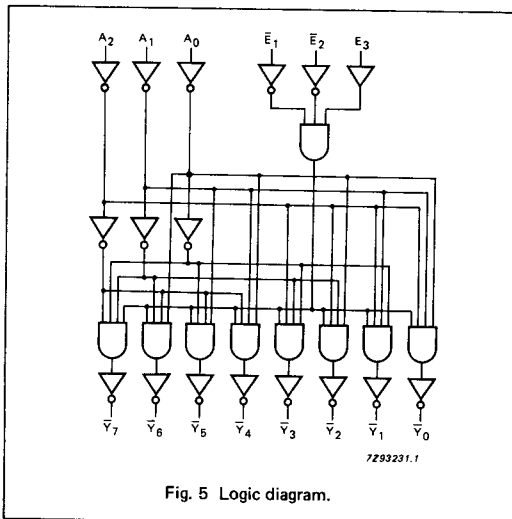


Fig. 5 Logic diagram.

DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: standard

I_{CC} category: MSI

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | T _{amb} (°C) | | | | | | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | 74HC | | | | | | | V _{CC} V | WAVEFORMS | |
| | | +25 | | | -40 to +85 | | -40 to +125 | | | | |
| | | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | | | | max. |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay A _n to \bar{Y}_n | | 41 15 12 | 150 30 26 | | 190 38 33 | | 225 45 38 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay E ₃ to \bar{Y}_n | | 47 17 14 | 150 30 26 | | 190 38 33 | | 225 45 38 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay \bar{E}_n to \bar{Y}_n | | 47 17 14 | 150 30 26 | | 190 38 33 | | 225 45 38 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Fig. 7 |
| t _{THL} / t _{TLH} | output transition time | | 19 7 6 | 75 15 13 | | 95 19 16 | | 110 22 19 | ns | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | Figs 6 and 7 |

DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: standard

I_{CC} category: MSI

Note to HCT types

The value of additional quiescent supply current (ΔI_{CC}) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine ΔI_{CC} per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

| INPUT | UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| A _n | 1.50 |
| E _n | 1.25 |
| E ₃ | 1.00 |

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | T _{amb} (°C) | | | | | | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|------|------|------------|------|-------------|------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | 74HCT | | | | | | | V _{CC} V | WAVEFORMS | |
| | | +25 | | | -40 to +85 | | -40 to +125 | | | | |
| | | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | | | | max. |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay A _n to \bar{Y}_n | | 20 | 35 | | 44 | | 53 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay E ₃ to \bar{Y}_n | | 18 | 40 | | 50 | | 60 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 6 |
| t _{PHL} / t _{PLH} | propagation delay E _n to \bar{Y}_n | | 19 | 40 | | 50 | | 60 | ns | 4.5 | Fig. 7 |
| t _{THL} / t _{TLH} | output transition time | | 7 | 15 | | 19 | | 22 | ns | 4.5 | Figs 6 and 7 |

AC WAVEFORMS

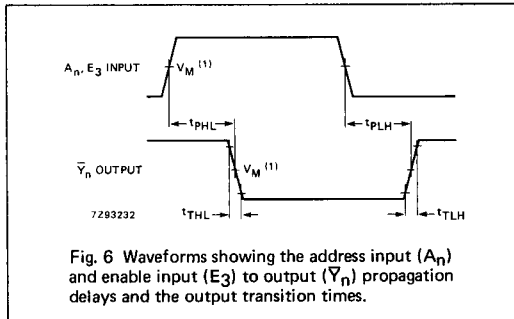


Fig. 6 Waveforms showing the address input (A_n) and enable input (E₃) to output (ȳ_n) propagation delays and the output transition times.

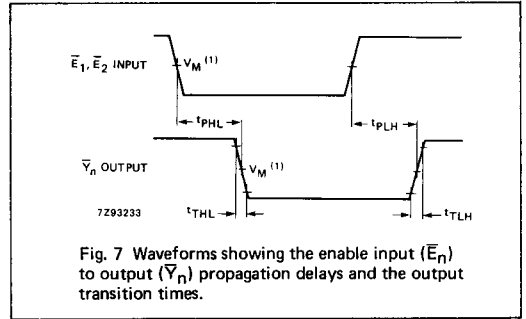


Fig. 7 Waveforms showing the enable input (ȳ_n) to output (ȳ_n) propagation delays and the output transition times.

Note to AC waveforms

- (1) HC : V_M = 50%; V_I = GND to V_{CC}.
- HCT: V_M = 1.3 V; V_I = GND to 3 V.